



Improve the reliability of Vs30 distribution map by considering geological uncertainty —a case study of Taipei Basin

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Date: 2023 / 02 / 24

- Outline -

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Introduction

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Methodology

Workflow \ Database \ Data processing \ Ordinary kriging

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Result & Discussion

Gravel layer \ Basement

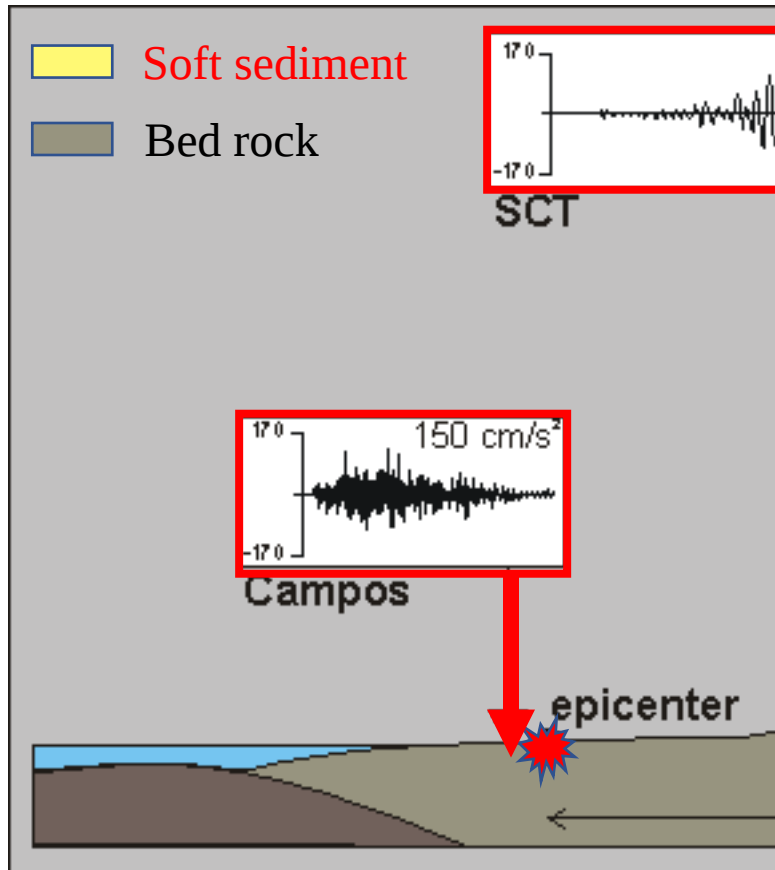
4

Future Work

Stochastic modeling \ Vs30 Distribution

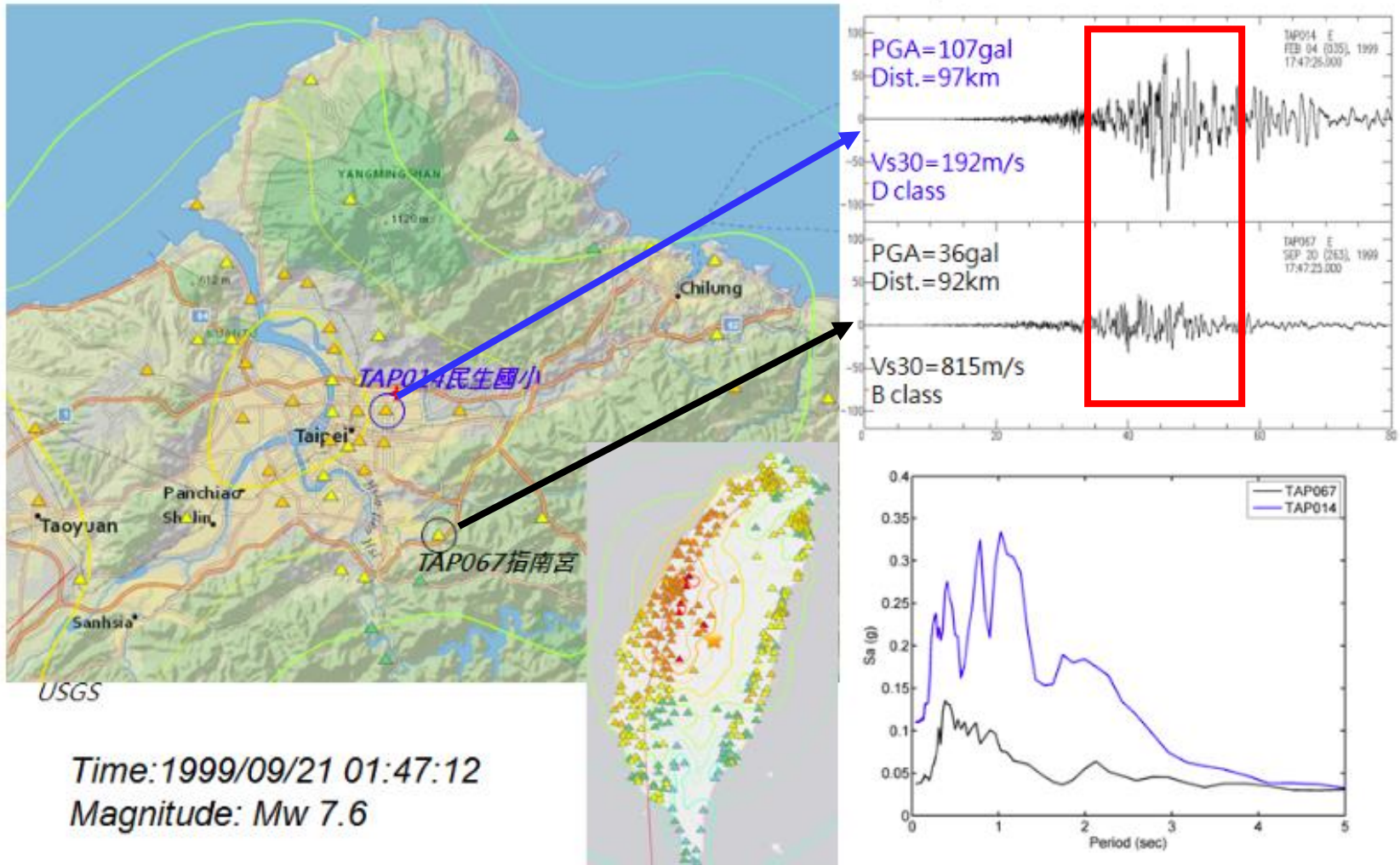
Introduction - Motivation

- Mw 8.0 earthquake caused serious disaster
- The main reason for this is the **geology** composed of **soft sediment** and **hard bed rock**.



Introduction - Motivation

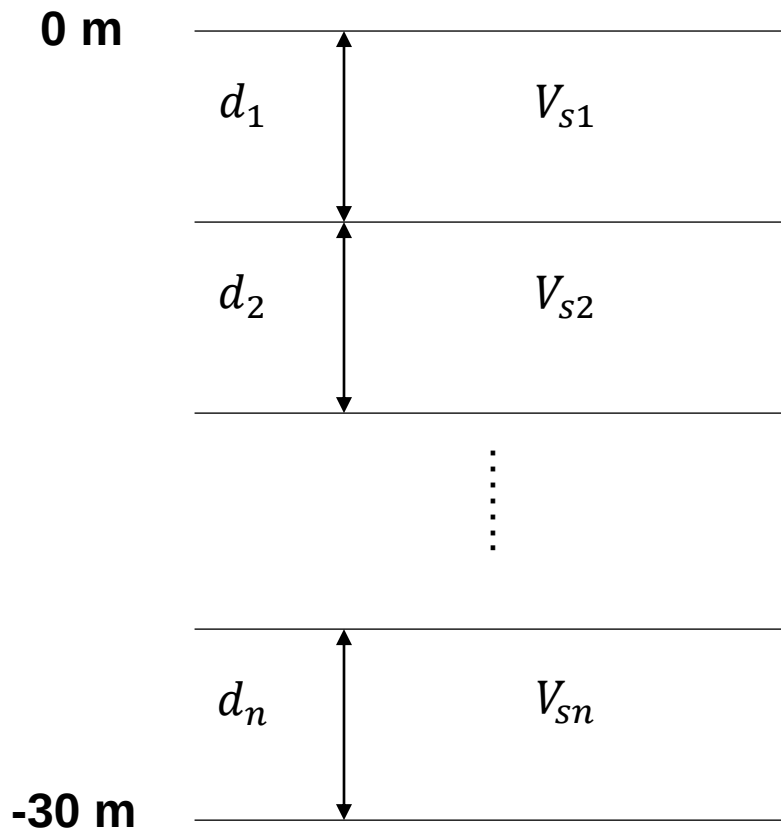
1999 Chi-Chi Earthquake



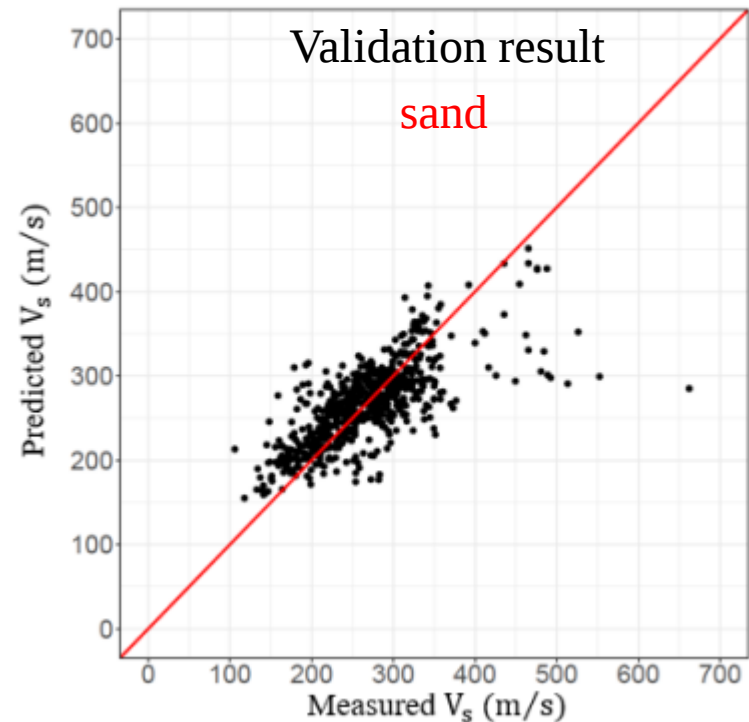
Kuo et al., 2017

Introduction - Purpose

- Evaluate the Influence of Site Effect - Vs30
- There is a **high correlation** between **shear wave velocity(Vs)**, **soil void ratio(e)** and **effective stress(σ'_v)**. Roesler (1979), Robertson et al. (1995)

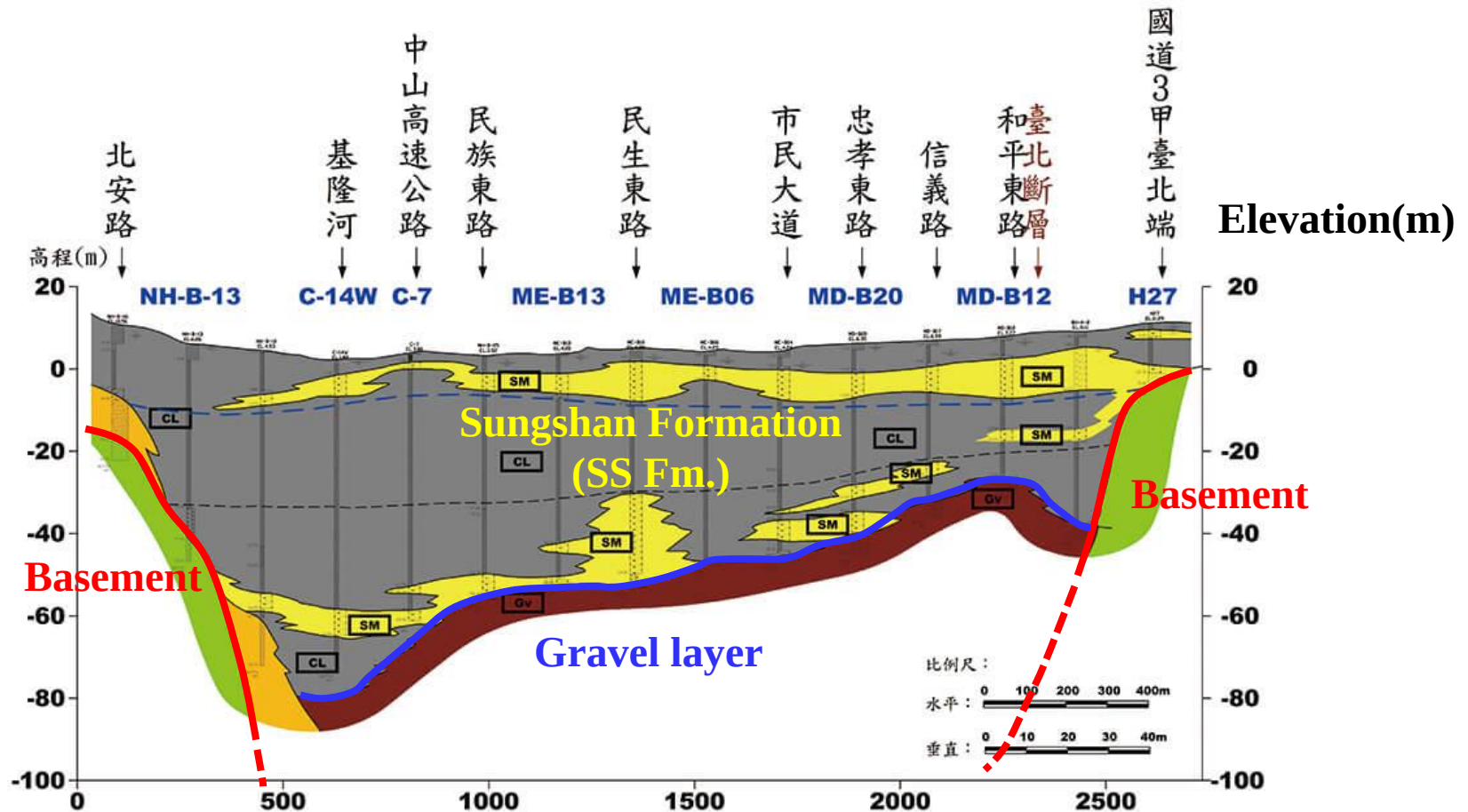


$$V_s = (241.6 - 39.9e) \left(\frac{\sigma'_v}{P_a} \right)^{0.30} \quad P_a = 100 \text{ kPa, constant}$$



Kuo, 2021

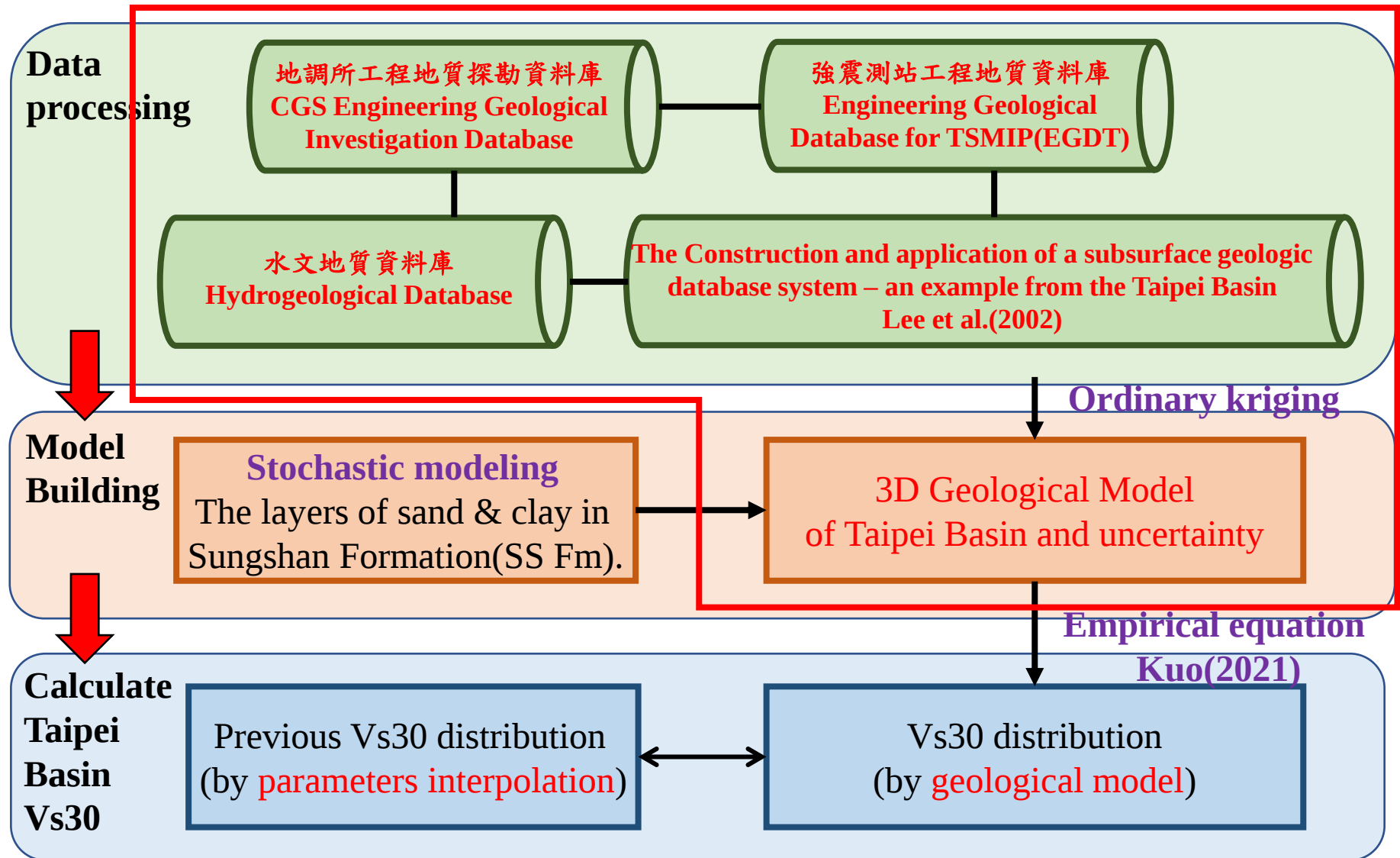
Introduction - Purpose



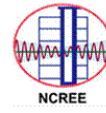
圖例

- clay
- sand
- colluvium
- gravel
- basement

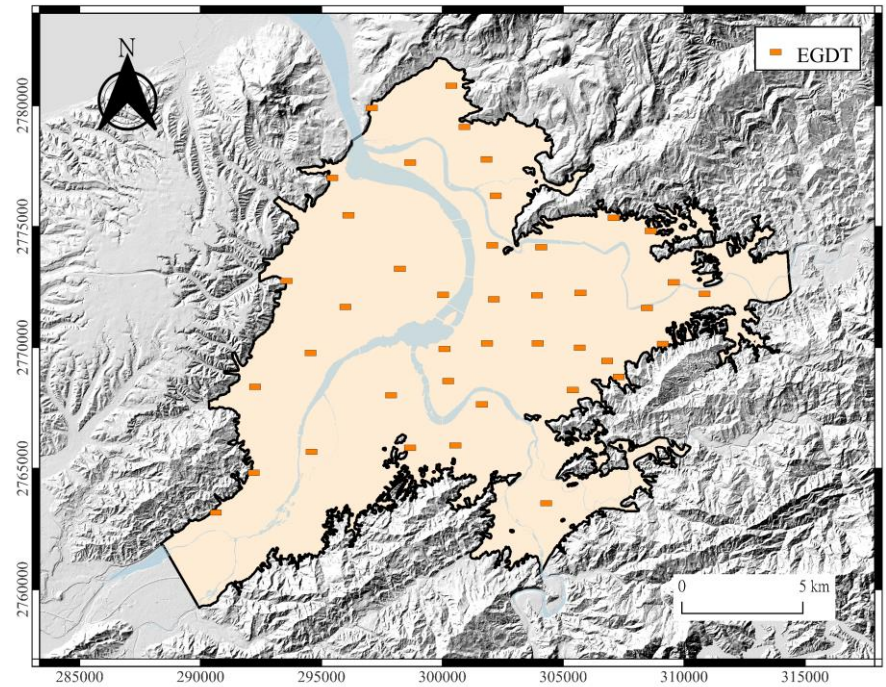
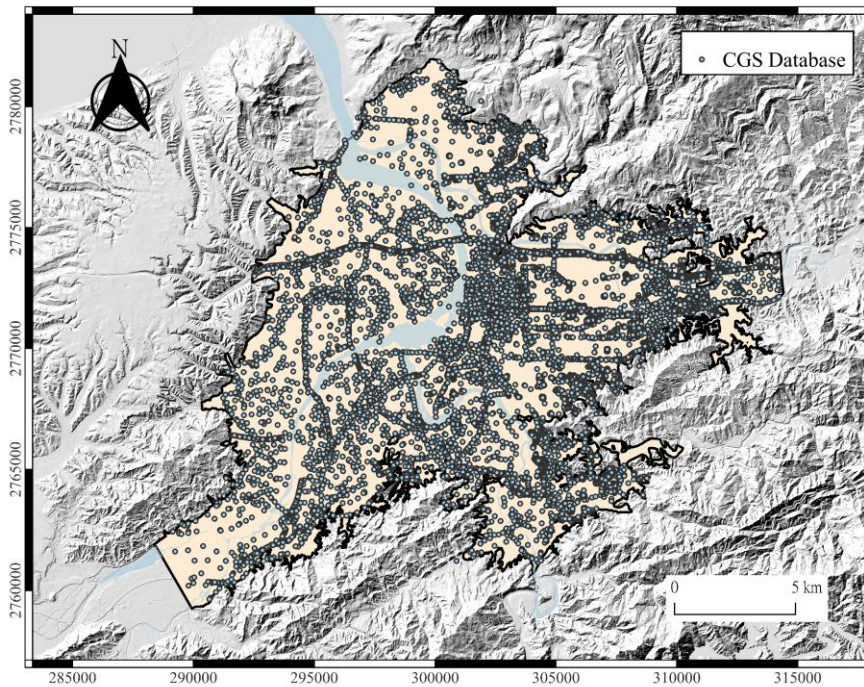
Modified from CGS, 2014



Methodology - Database



全國強震測站場址工程地質資料庫
Engineering Geological Database for TSMIP (EGDT)



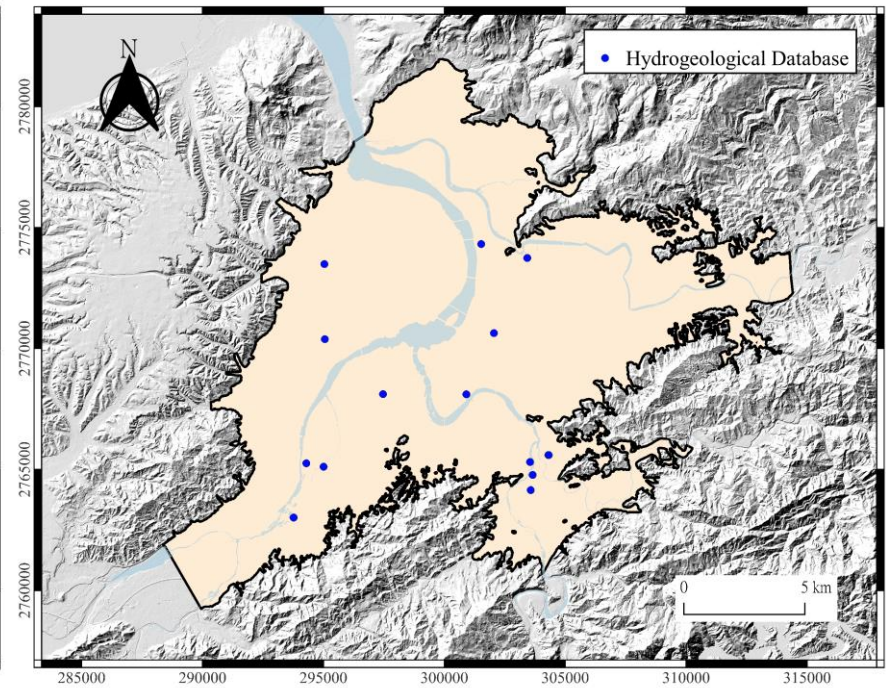
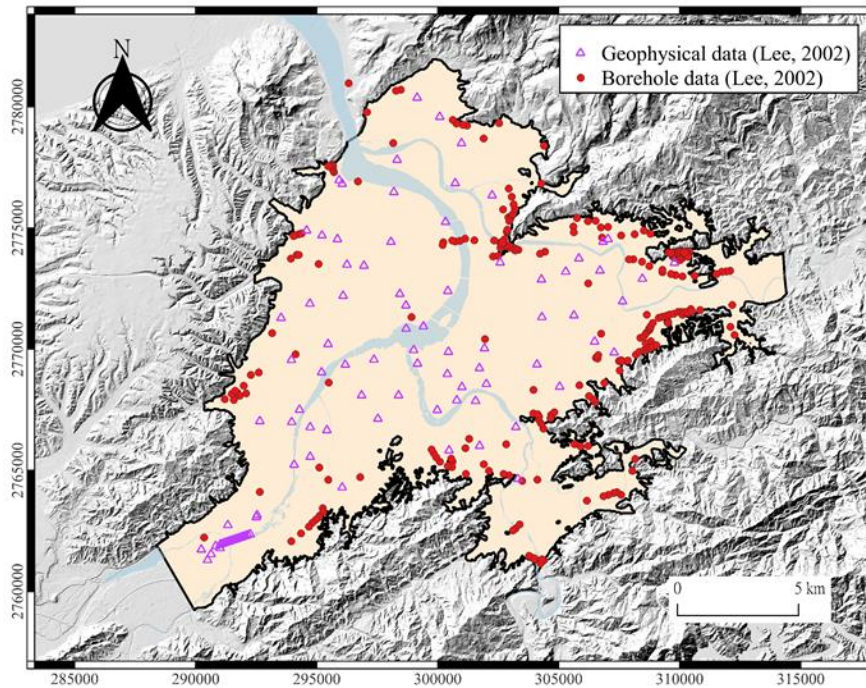
Methodology - Database

THE CONSTRUCTION AND APPLICATION OF A SUBSURFACE GEOLOGIC DATABASE SYSTEM – AN EXAMPLE FROM THE TAIPEI BASIN

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水文地質資料庫整合查詢平台



1. Rock and Gravel(step 1):

In the raw data, the description includes “Rock (岩)” and “Gravel (礫)”.

Borehole_id	Description
009481512_BH-1	回填層(混凝土鋪面、 <u>岩塊</u> 、粉土質砂、粘土、雜物等)
009481512_BH-1	黃棕色至灰色，砂岩至砂岩頁 <u>岩互層</u>
00956671(10802)_C-1	灰色 <u>砂岩</u> ，16.20m~16.50m，17.35m~17.60m，19.20m~19.60m破碎，膠結不佳
00956671(10802)_C-1	灰色 <u>砂岩</u> 、膠結尚可
010166070908_A-15	崩積物; <u>岩屑</u> 堆積;碎屑
01016607A9801-01C_A3	棕黃色粉土質細砂夾 <u>岩塊</u> 、卵礫石

Keyword	Boreholes
Rock(岩)	3209
Gravel(礫)	7138

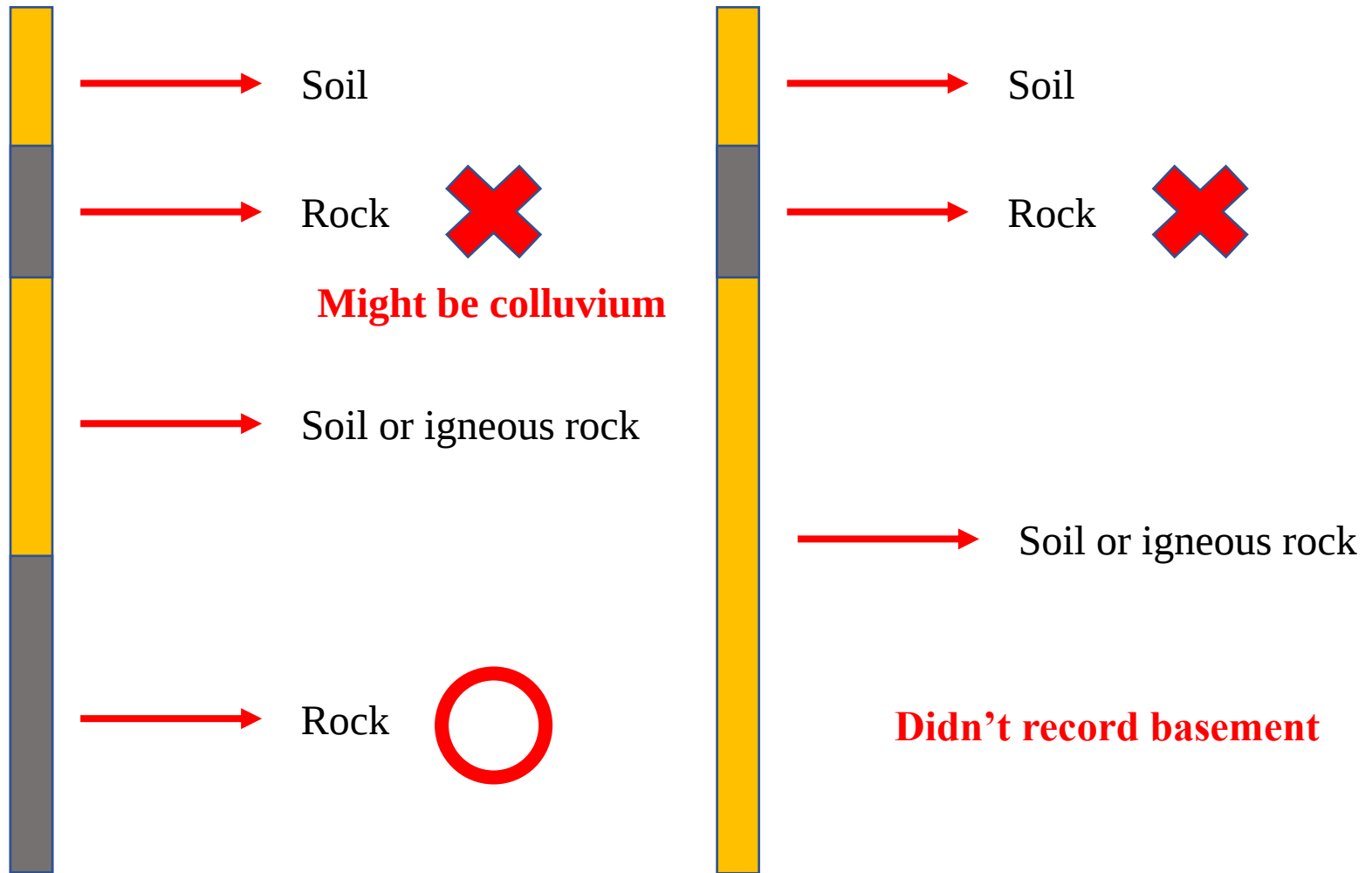
2. Data Screening of basement(step 2):

Keyword	Remaining boreholes
Last step	3209
Backfill (回填)	3114
Brick (磚)	3107
Topsoil (表土、崩積、填方)	3093
Igneous rock (安山、凝灰、火山、火成)	2760
Others (草、雜、地表、混凝、夾岩塊、水泥、腐)	2700

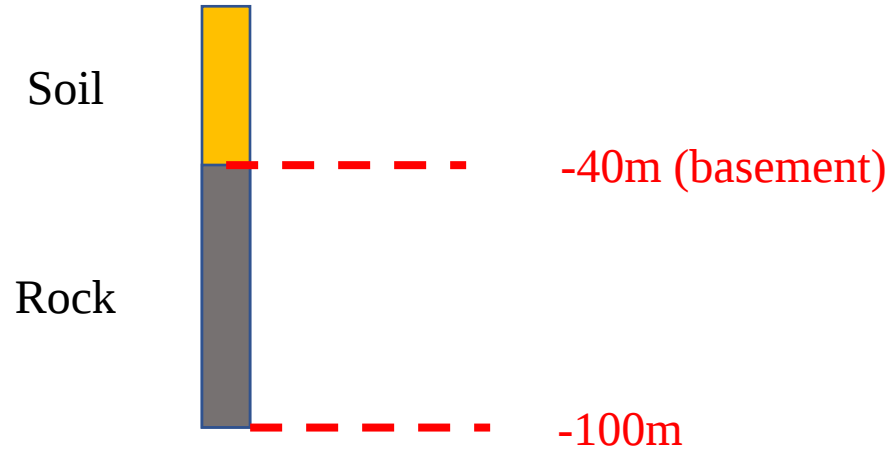
3. Data Screening of basement (step 3):

Criterion	Remaining boreholes
• Rock that is not part of the basement.	2494
• Multiple data in the same borehole location.	2435

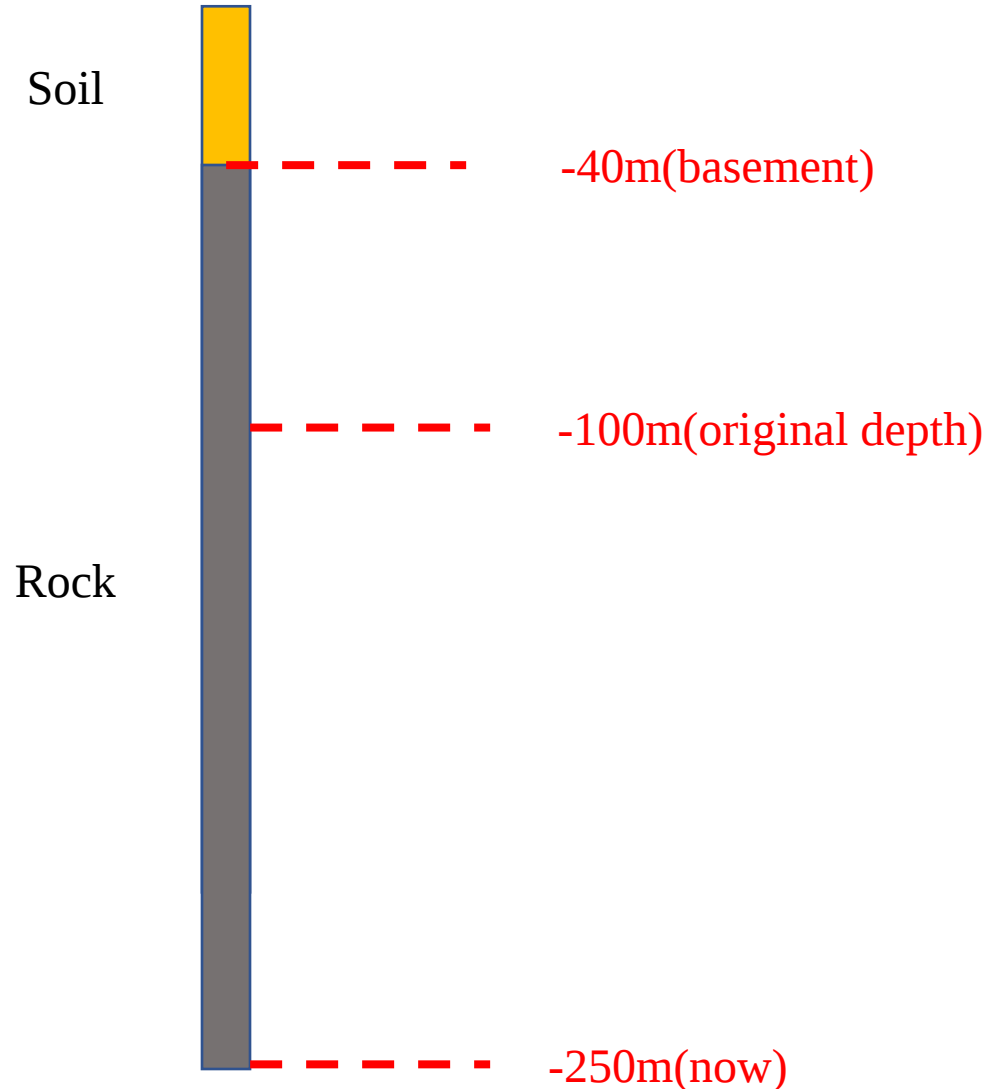
Methodology - Data processing



Bh_1, in 2000, 121E, 25N



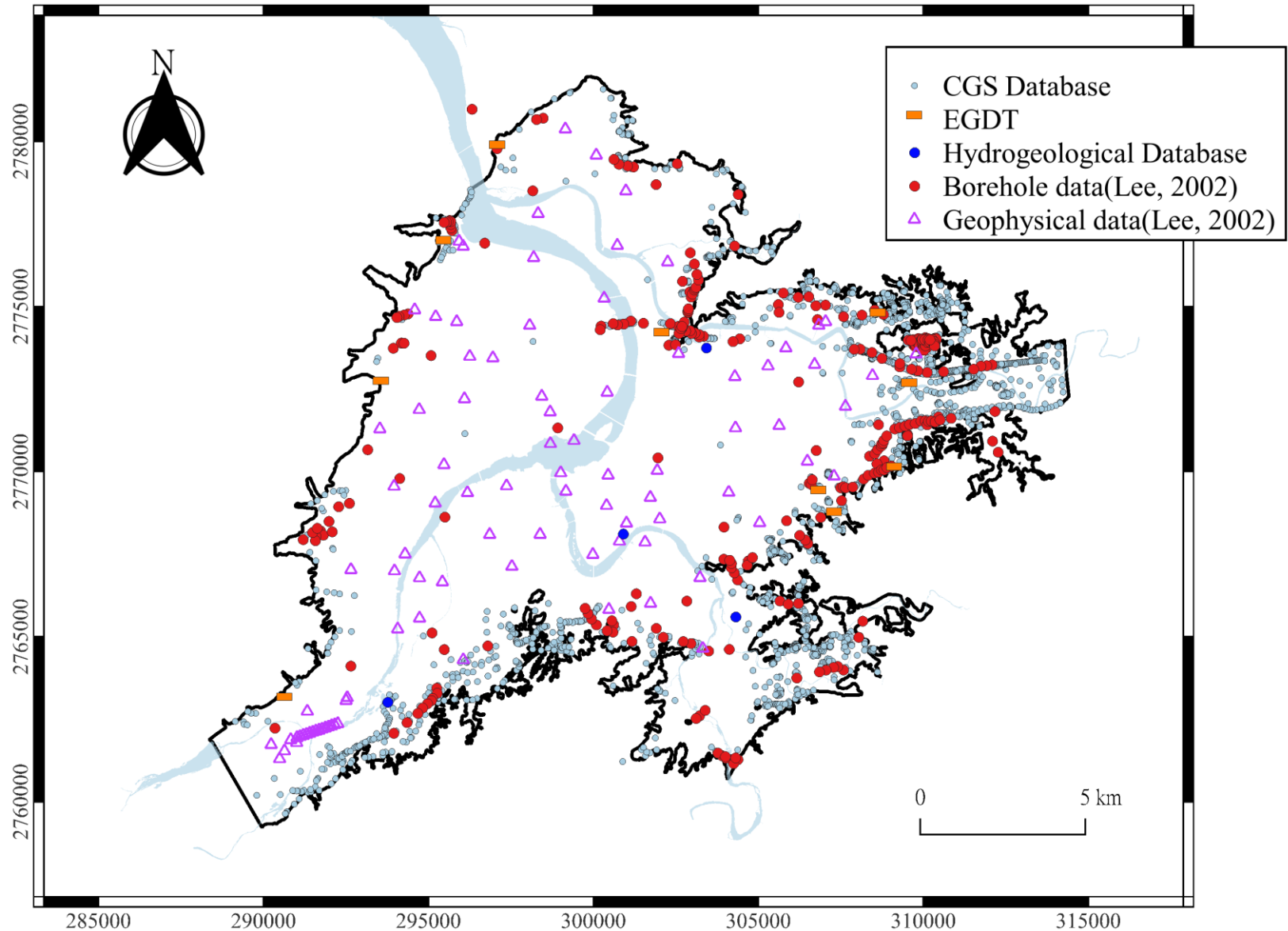
Bh_1e, in 2010, 121E, 25N



4. Data used for basement analysis

Source	Numbers
CGS Engineering Geological Investigation Database	2435
EGDT	10
Hydrogeological Database	4
Boreholes used in Lee(2002)	303
Geophysical data used in Lee(2002)	93
Total	2845

Methodology - Data processing



2. Data Screening of the gravel layer under SS Fm.(step 2):

Keyword	Remaining boreholes
Last step	7138
Backfill (回填、填方)	5343
Brick (磚), Topsoil (表土、草、崩積)	5176
Igneous rock (安山、凝灰、火山、火成)	4593
Others (雜、地表、混凝、水泥、腐)	4846

3. Data Screening of the gravel layer under SS Fm.(step 3):

Criterion	Remaining boreholes
• Screen out the intercalated gravel	4309
• Main properties are sand, clay or silt	3710

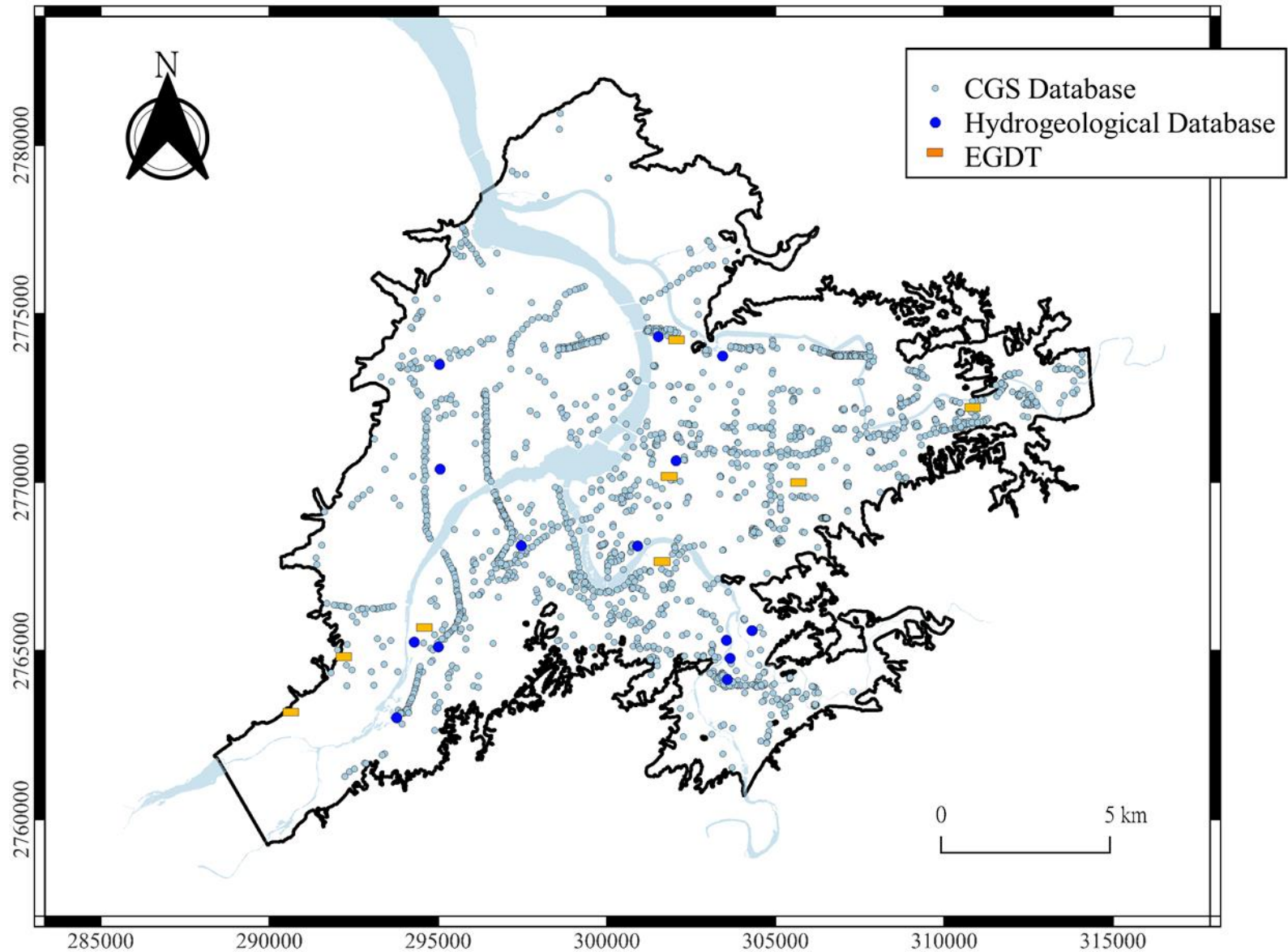
4. Data Screening of the gravel layer **under SS Fm.**(step 4):

Criterion	Boreholes
Gravel above the bottom of SS Fm. --by comparing with the bottom of Sungshan formation (Lee, 2002)	1777
Gravel under the bottom of SS Fm. --by comparing with the bottom of Sungshan formation (Lee, 2002)	1933

5. Data used for the gravel layer **under SS Fm.** analysis

Source	Numbers
CGS Engineering Geological Investigation Database	1933
EGDT	8
Hydrogeological Database	14
Total	1955

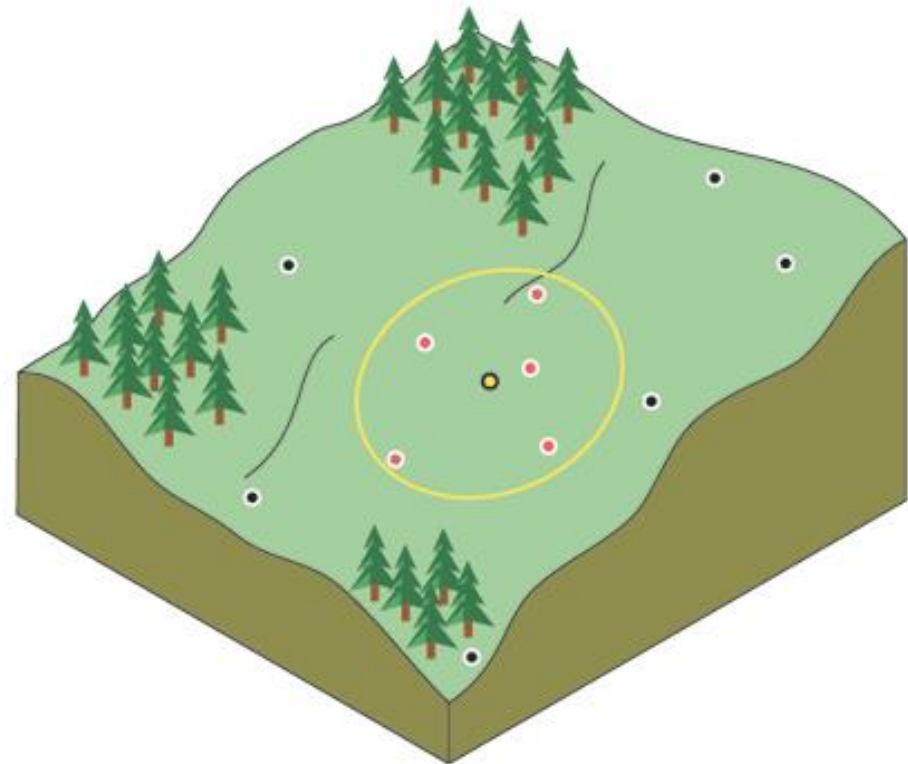
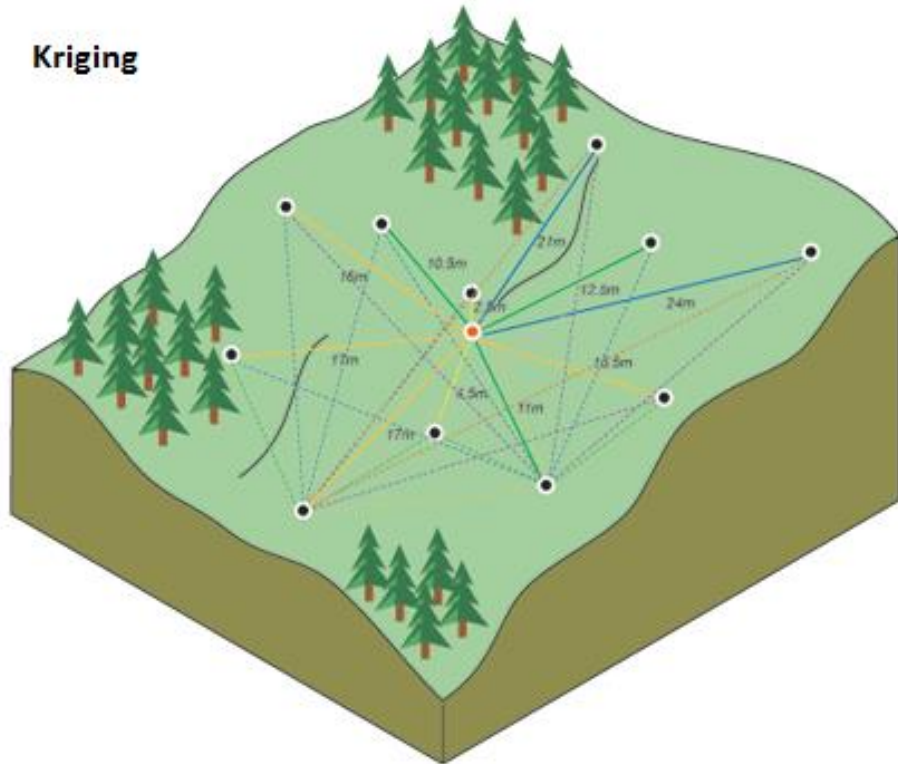
Methodology - Data processing



Methodology - Ordinary kriging

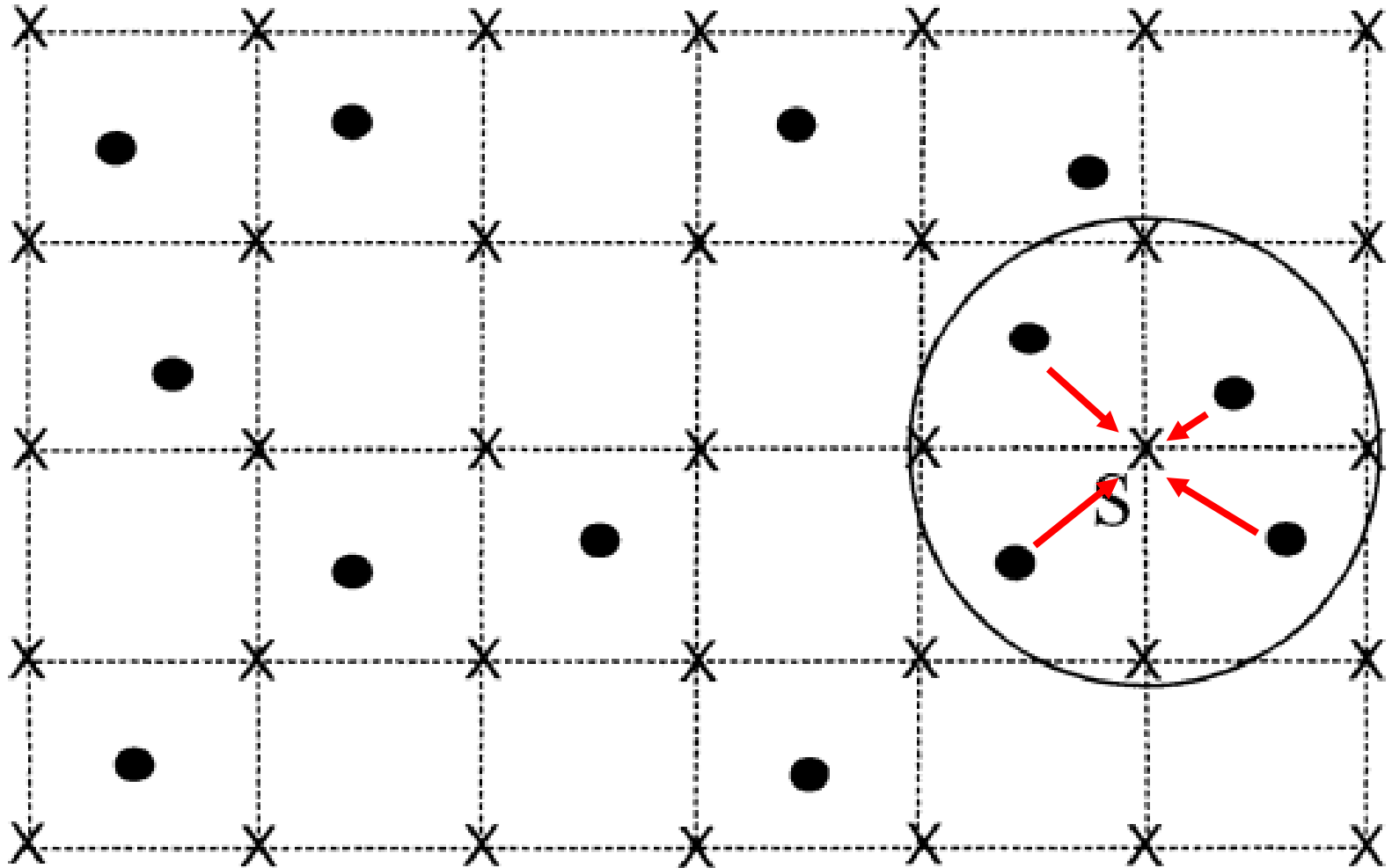
- Tobler's First Law of Geography: everything is related to everything else, but **near things are more related** than distant things.
- If geography is worth studying at all, it must be because phenomena **do not vary randomly** across space. *O'Sullivan and Unwin(2003)*

Kriging



ESRI, [Kriging: An Introduction to Concepts and Applications \(esri.com\)](https://www.esri.com/arcgis/resources/articles/kriging-introduction)

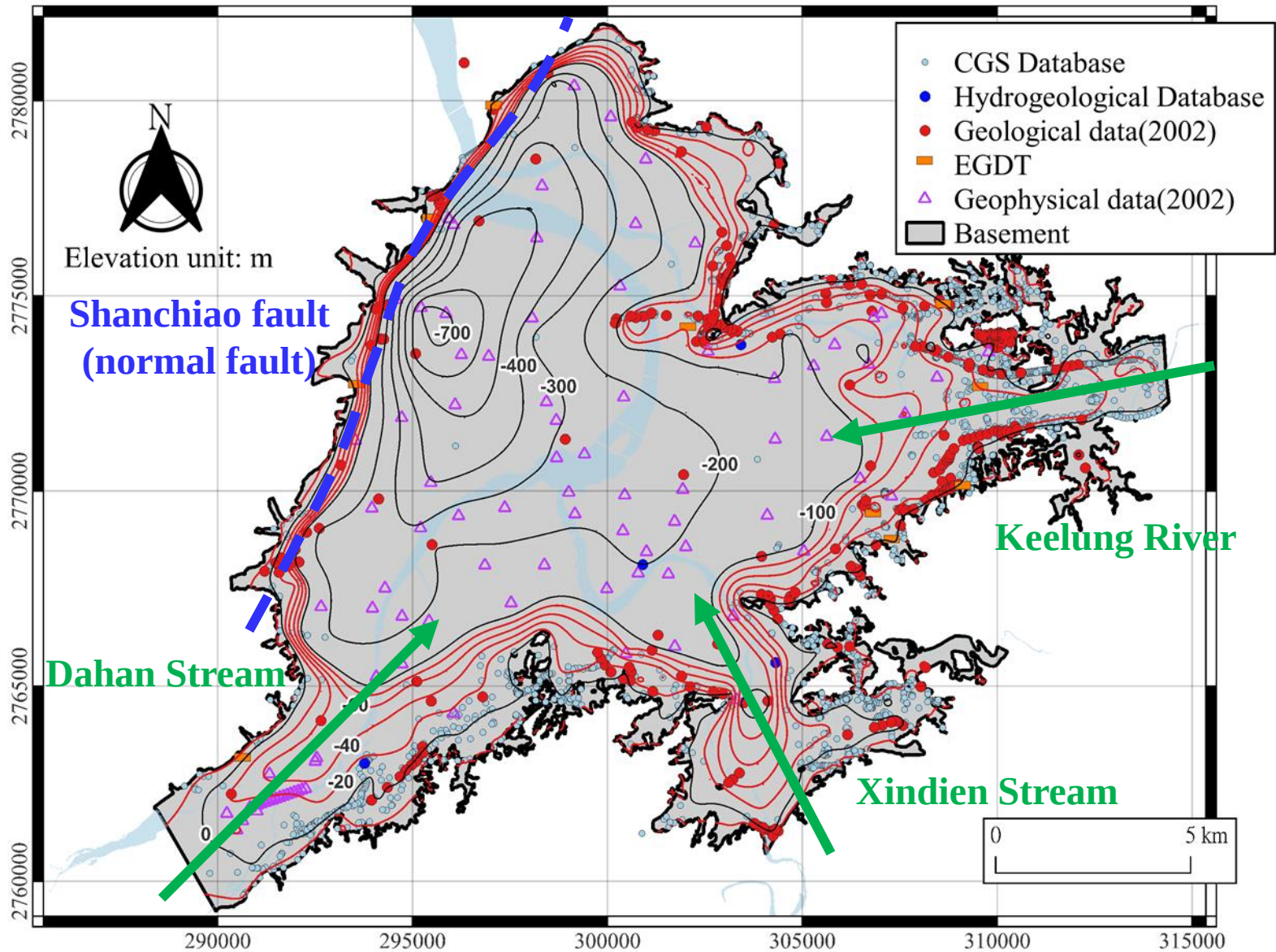
Methodology - Ordinary kriging



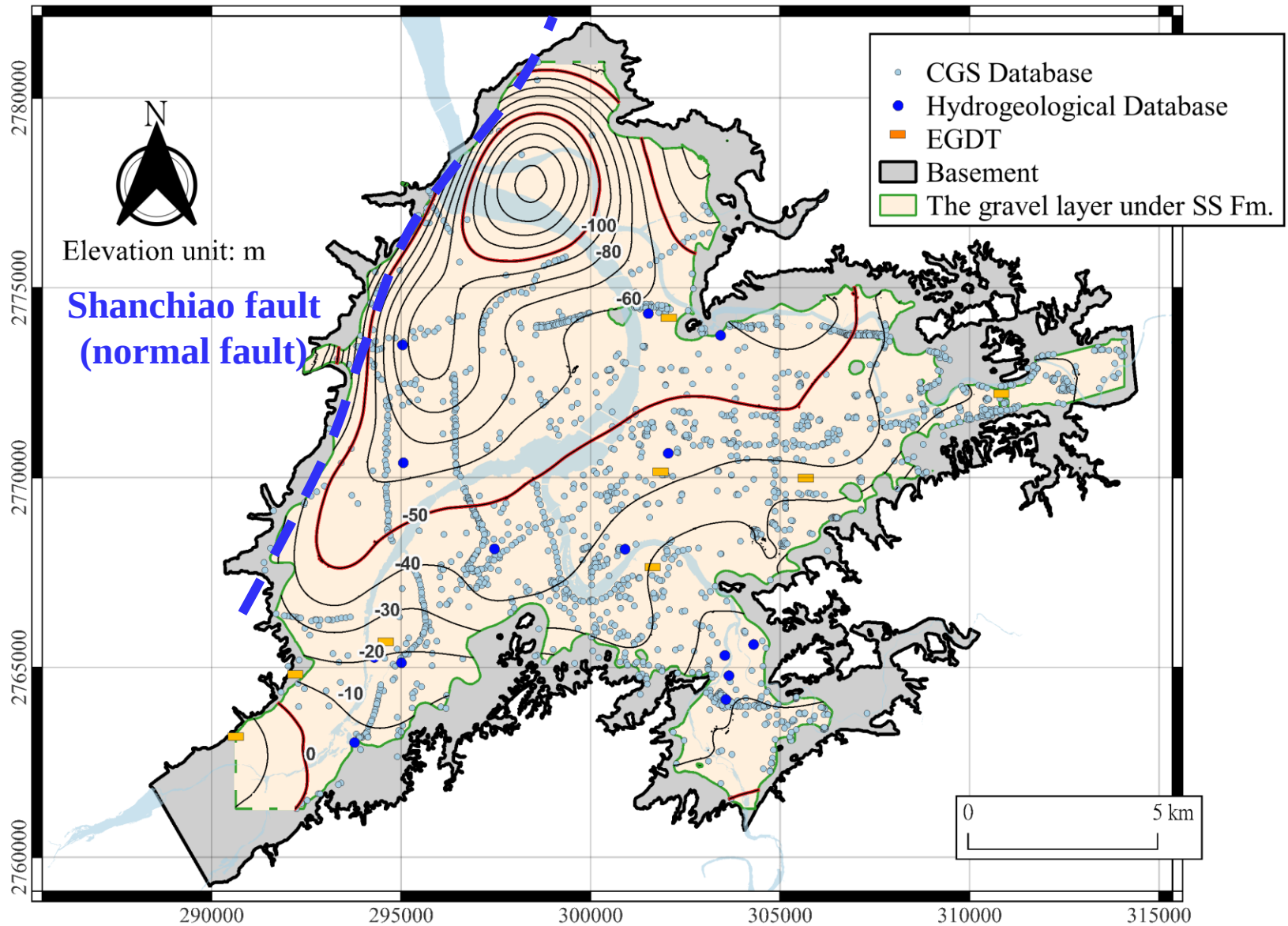
X estimation gridpoint

● investigation site with known values

Result & Discussion - Basement

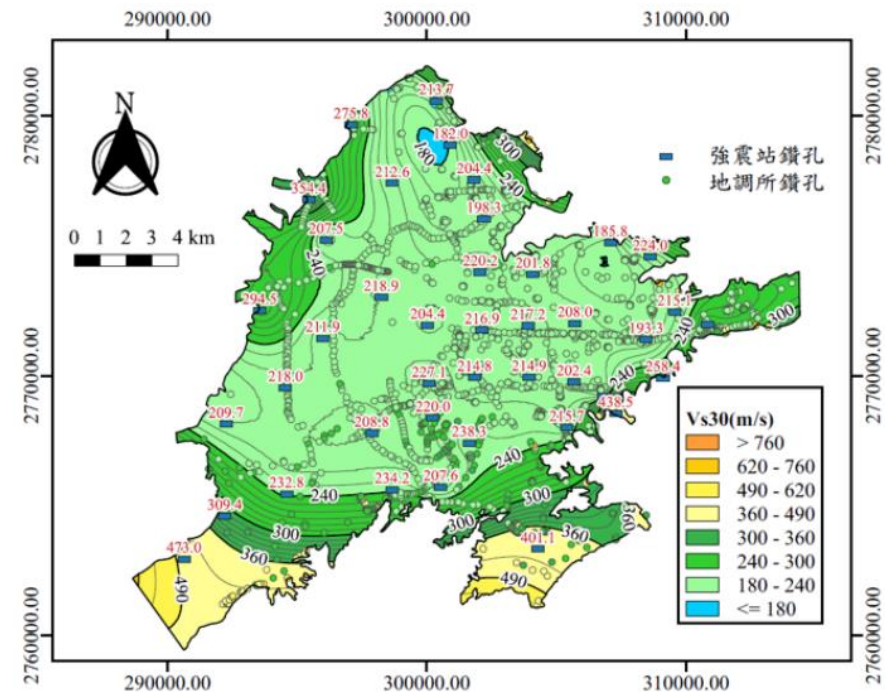
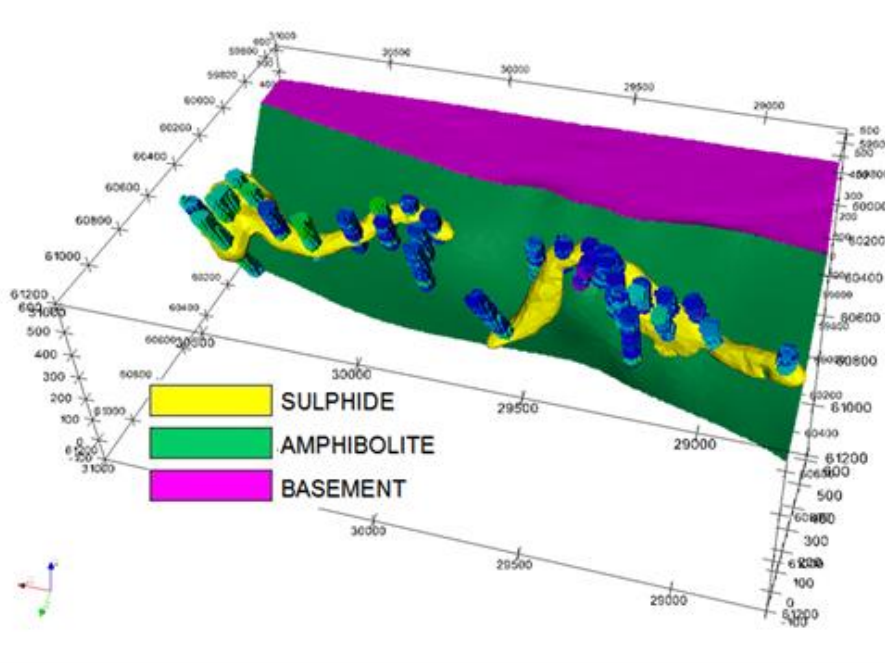


Result & Discussion - The gravel layer under SS Fm.



Future work - Stochastic modeling and Vs30 map

- Finish the stochastic modeling to construct the layers of sand & clay in Sungshan Fm.
- Use the geological model to evaluate the value and the uncertainty of Vs30.



[*3D Forward Modelling and Stochastic Inversion*](#)
[*- Intrepid Geophysics \(intrepid-geophysics.com\)*](#)

Kuo, 2021



Thanks for your attention