

MUS<sub>t</sub> 2: A site management module and  
health risk assessment integrated multispecies transport  
analytical solution software for management of  
groundwater chlorinated solvents contaminated site

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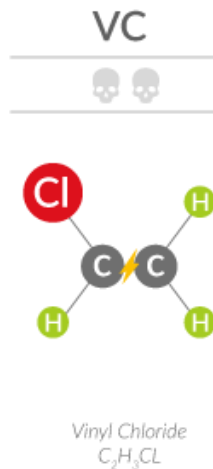
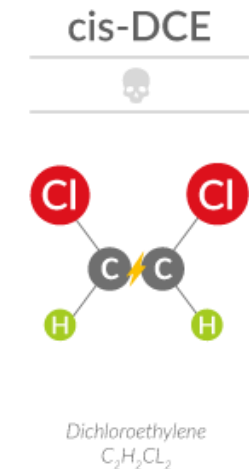
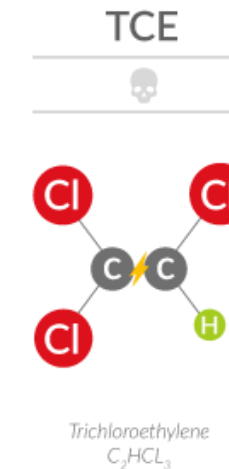
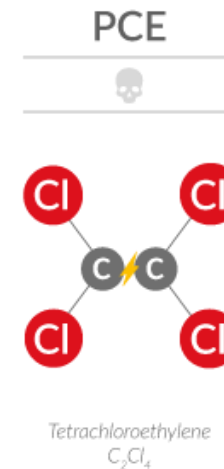
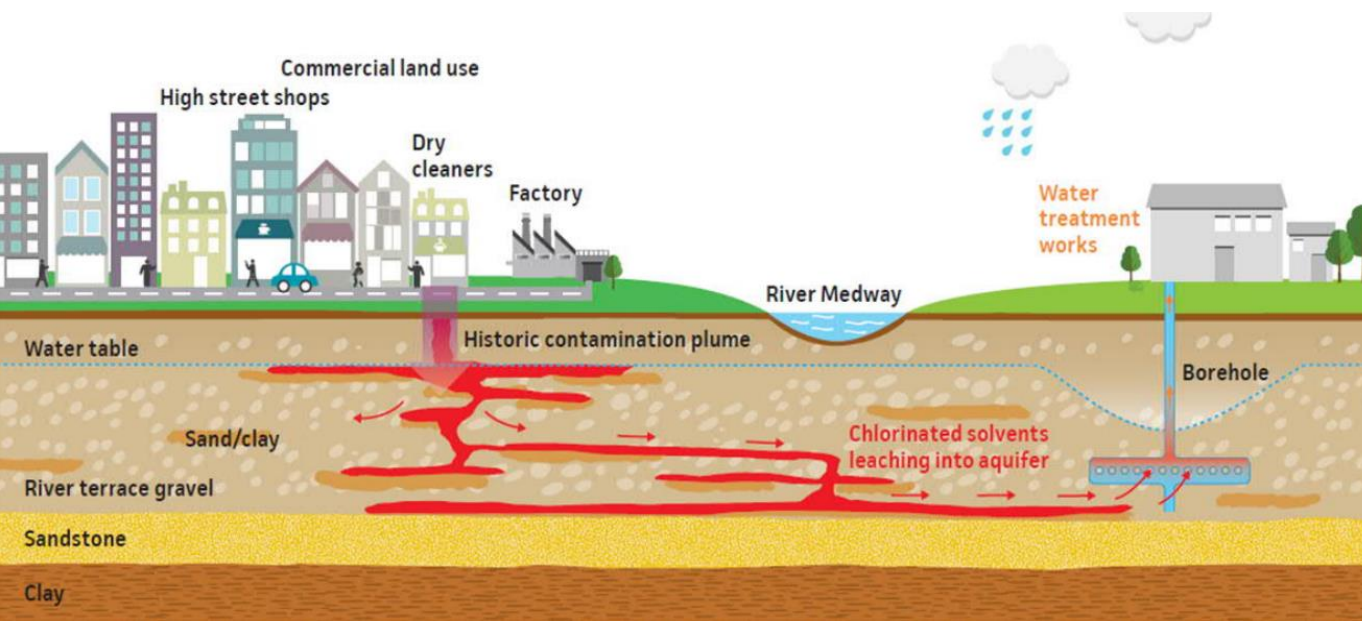
Date : September 27<sup>th</sup>, 2024

# Outline

- Introduction
- Material and method
- Preliminary results
- Conclusions and future work

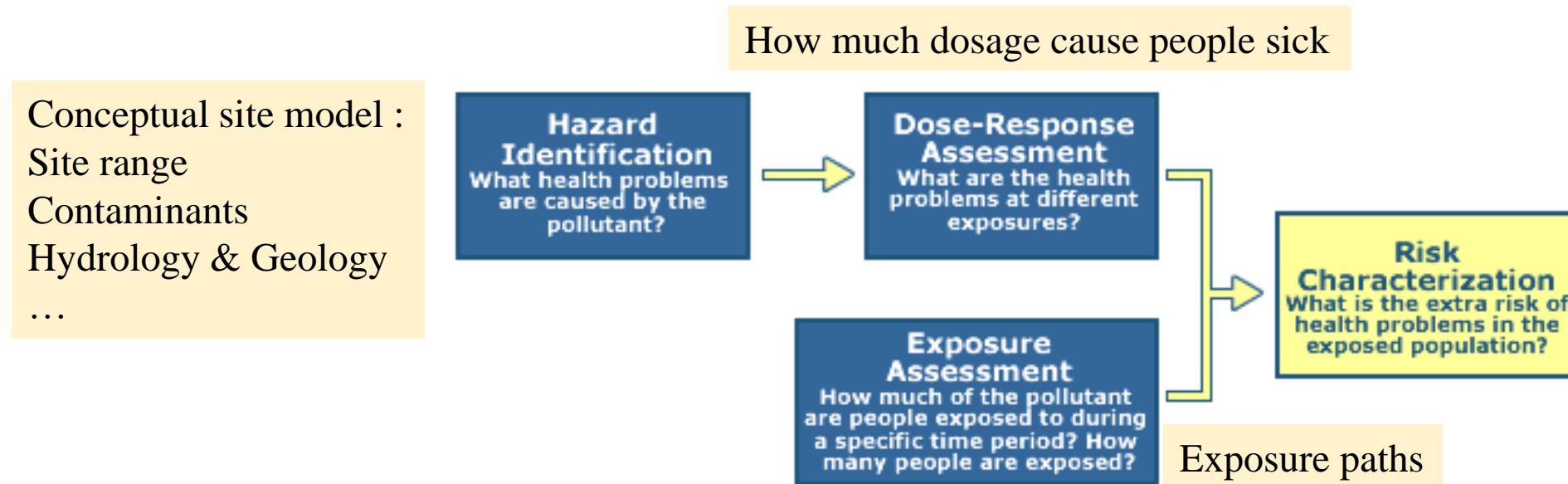
# Groundwater contaminants

- There are many contaminated sites worldwide, and the contamination of the subsurface environment pose threats to human health.
- Chlorinated solvents like tetrachloroethene (PCE) and trichloroethene (TCE) are common contaminants in groundwater that cause different kinds of cancer.



# Human health risk assessment (HHRA)

- HHRA is the process to estimate the probability of adverse health effects in humans who may be exposed to chemicals in contaminated environmental media.
- HHRA can be the reference of the remedial actions, also can help governments to deliver technical knowledge to the public.



Four steps of human health risk assessment process

# Previous contaminants transport analytical solution software

## • BIOCHLOR

- Excel-based table software.
- Most used software simulates remediation by natural attenuation released in 2000.
- All contaminants can only use the same retardation factor.

**BIOCHLOR Natural Attenuation Decision Support System**  
Version 2.2  
Excel 2000

Cape Canaveral  
Fire Training Area  
Run Name

TYPE OF CHLORINATED SOLVENT: Ethenes ☒ Ethanes ☐

1. ADVECTION  
Seepage Velocity\* Vs 111.7 (ft/yr)  
Hydraulic Conductivity K 1.8E-02 (cm/sec)  
Hydraulic Gradient i 0 (ft/ft)  
Effective Porosity n 0.2 (-)

2. DISPERSION  
Alpha x\* 40 (ft)  
(Alpha y) / (Alpha x)\* 0.1 (-)  
(Alpha z) / (Alpha x)\* 1.E-99 (-)

3. ADSORPTION  
Retardation Factor\* R  
Soil Bulk Density, rho 1.6 (kg/L)  
Fraction Organic Carbon, f<sub>oc</sub> 1.8E-3 (-)  
Partition Coefficient K<sub>oc</sub> 426 (L/kg)  
PCE 130 (L/kg)  
TCE 125 (L/kg)  
DCE 30 (L/kg)  
VC 302 (L/kg)  
ETH 7.13 (-)  
2.87 (-)  
1.43 (-)  
5.35 (-)

4. BIOTRANSFORMATION  
Zone 1  
PCE → TCE 2.000  
TCE → DCE 1.000  
DCE → VC 0.700  
VC → ETH 0.400  
Zone 2  
PCE → TCE 0.000  
TCE → DCE 0.000  
DCE → VC 0.000  
VC → ETH 0.000

5. GENERAL  
Simulation Time\* 33 (yr)  
Modeled Area Width\* 700 (ft)  
Modeled Area Length\* 1085 (ft)  
Zone 1 Length\* 1085 (ft)  
Zone 2 Length\* 0 (ft)  
Zone 2 = L - Zone 1

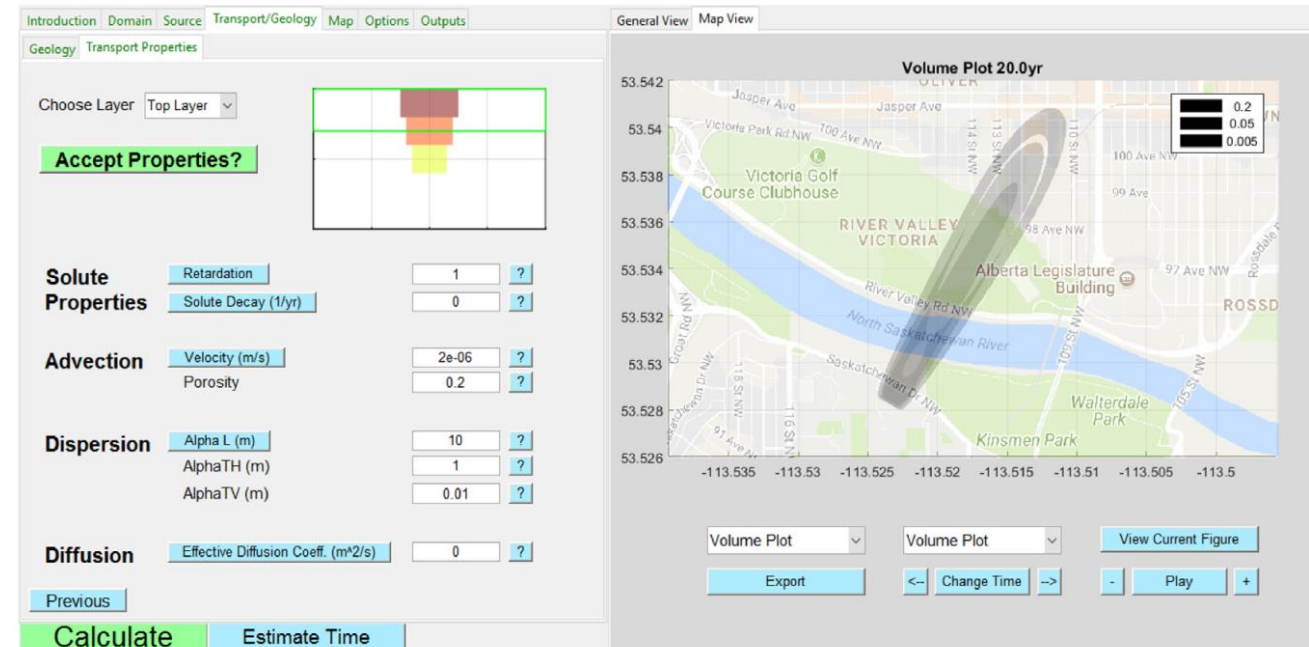
6. SOURCE DATA  
TYPE: Decaying Single Planar  
Source Options  
Source Thickness in Sat. Zone\* 56 (ft)  
Width\* (ft) Y1 105  
Conc. (mg/L)\* C1  
PCE 0.056  
TCE 15.8  
DCE 98.5  
VC 3.08  
ETH 0.03  
k<sub>d</sub>\* (1/yr) 0.2  
0.2  
0.2  
0.2  
0.2

7. FIELD DATA FOR COMPARISON  
PCE Conc. (mg/L) 0.056  
TCE Conc. (mg/L) 15.8  
DCE Conc. (mg/L) 98.5  
VC Conc. (mg/L) 3.1  
ETH Conc. (mg/L) 0.0  
Distance from Source (ft) 0 560 650 930 1085  
Date Data Collected 1998

8. CHOOSE TYPE OF OUTPUT TO SEE:  
RUN CENTERLINE  
RUN ARRAY  
Help  
Restore ...  
RESET  
SEE OUTPUT  
Paste Exa...

## • HYDROSCAPE

- MATLAB-based window software.
- Released in 2017.
- Only can simulate single contaminant.

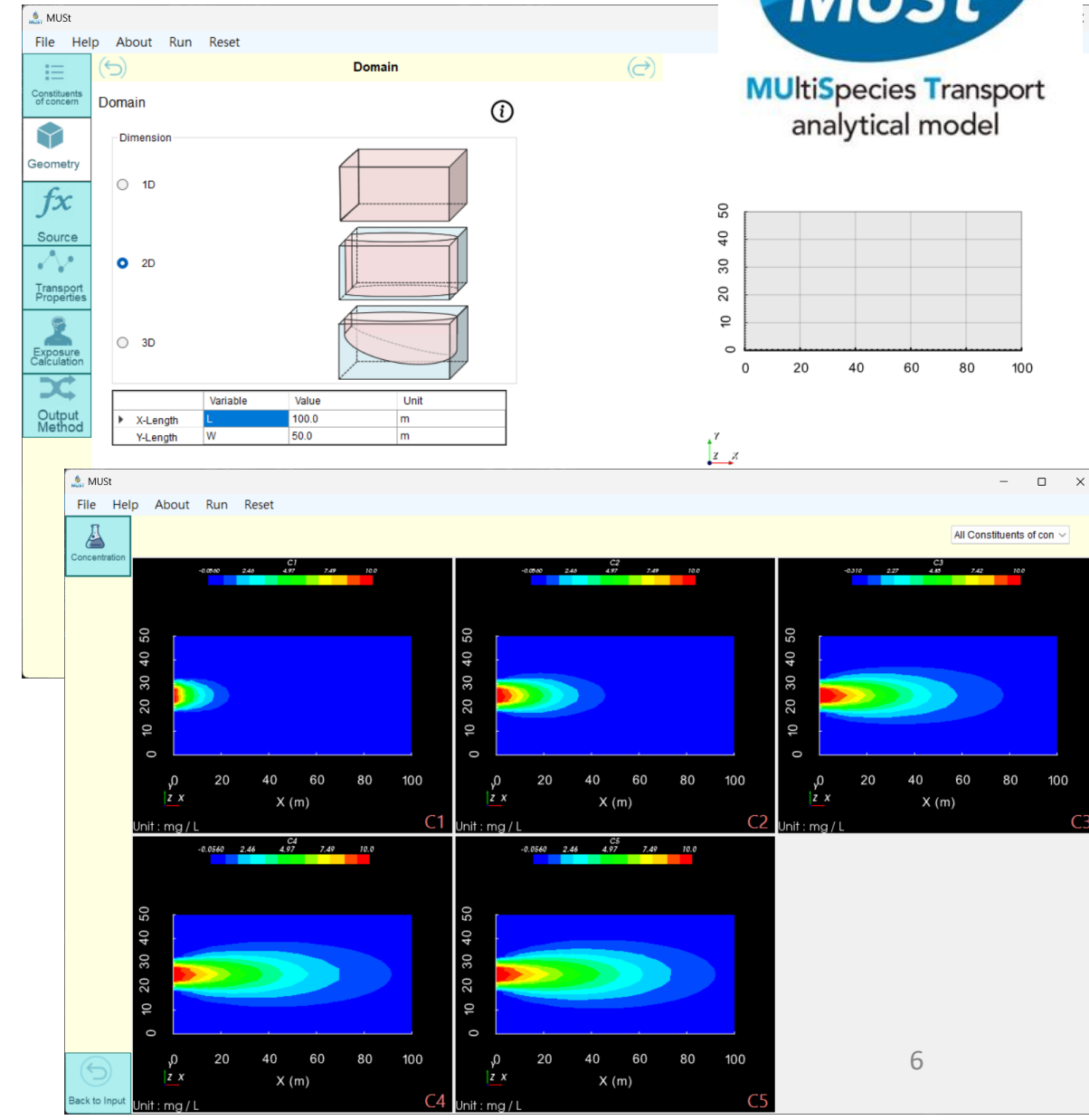


# MUSt software

- MUSt (**M**U**l**t**i**S**p**ecies transport analytical model) is a software based on analytical solutions (Liao et al., 2021) for simulating transport of chlorinated solvent contaminant and its byproducts, integrated with health risk assessment.
- Developed from our lab, fixed the disadvantages of those previous software.
- Featuring with user-friendly interface, health risk assessment and multiple visualize output results.

What other features may be needed?

Site information management



# Objective

- To develop a new version of MUSt software (MUSt 2), extends the site management module, help users better know the information of the contaminated site and have better evaluation:
  - Manage and visualize the data collected from site.
  - Data combine with map view.

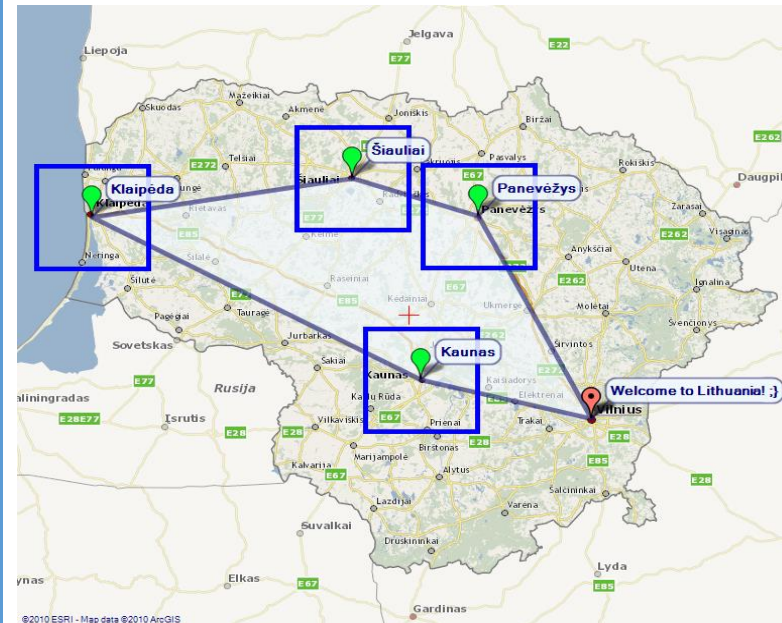
# Material



- .NET is a platform provides a large class library, enabling developers to create high-performance applications.
- Csharp is the most popular programming language in .NET which can build a wide range of applications from desktop to mobile.

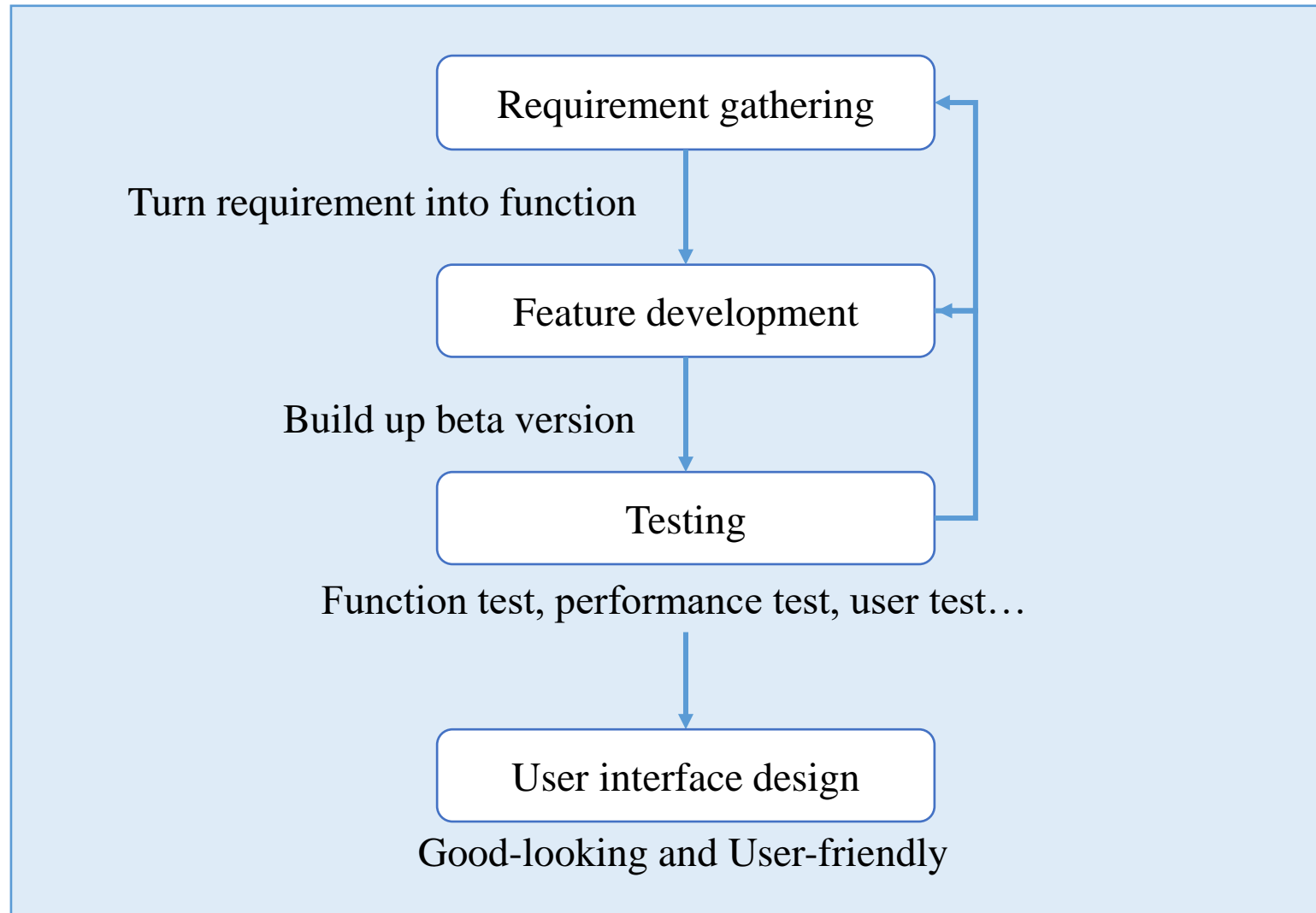


- Visualization toolkit is a library for 3D computer graphics, image processing, and scientific visualization.
- Widely used in fields like medical imaging, computational fluid dynamics, and geological data visualization.

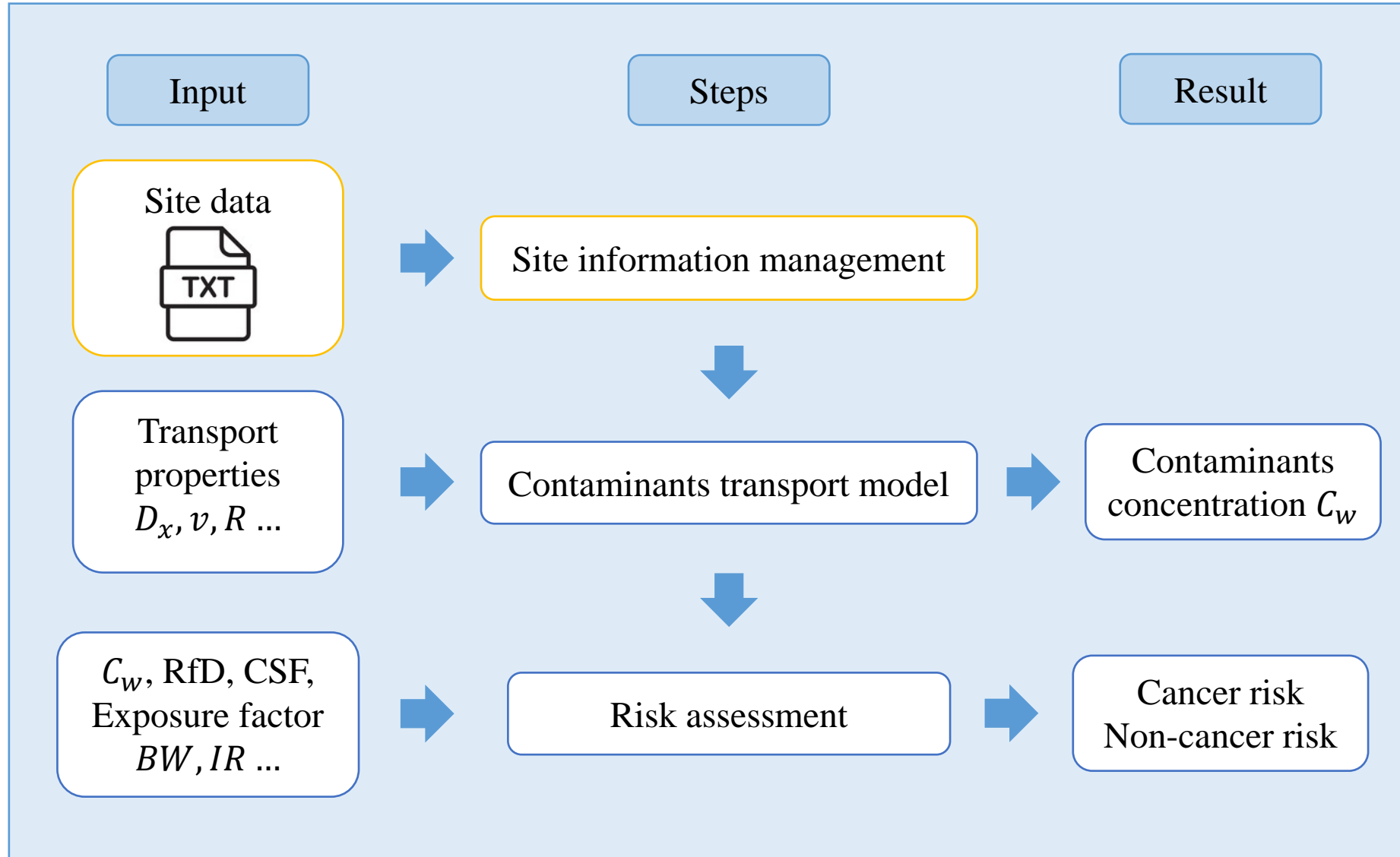


- Gmap.NET is a library in .NET provides interactive maps from various providers, supports creating objects on map.

# Software development flow chart



# Software usage flow chart



$D_x$ : longitudinal dispersivity  
 $v$ : groundwater velocity  
 $R$ : retardation factor  
 $IR$ : water ingestion rate (L/day)  
 $BW$ : body weight (kg)  
RfD: reference dose  
CSF: cancer slope factor

# User interface : Site

By importing shapefile and text file, the boundary of the site and the well location can be shown on the map.

Shapefile create by QGIS

WellLocation3826.txt

檔案 編輯 檢視

Name	X	Y
中央大學正門	269355.10	2762335.47
圖書館	269617.68	2762291.54
行政大樓	269506.49	2762379.99
學生活動中心	269537.00	2762224.97
理學院	269455.85	2762490.68
工學院	269667.81	2762535.29
文學院	269587.20	2762424.41
商學院	269688.24	2762369.17
教育學院	269718.69	2762258.46
體育館	269395.74	2762158.31

MUST

Create boundary for computing flow direction

☒ Import ☐ Input

Import file

Edit Clear

Site

Well location

☒ Import ☐ Input

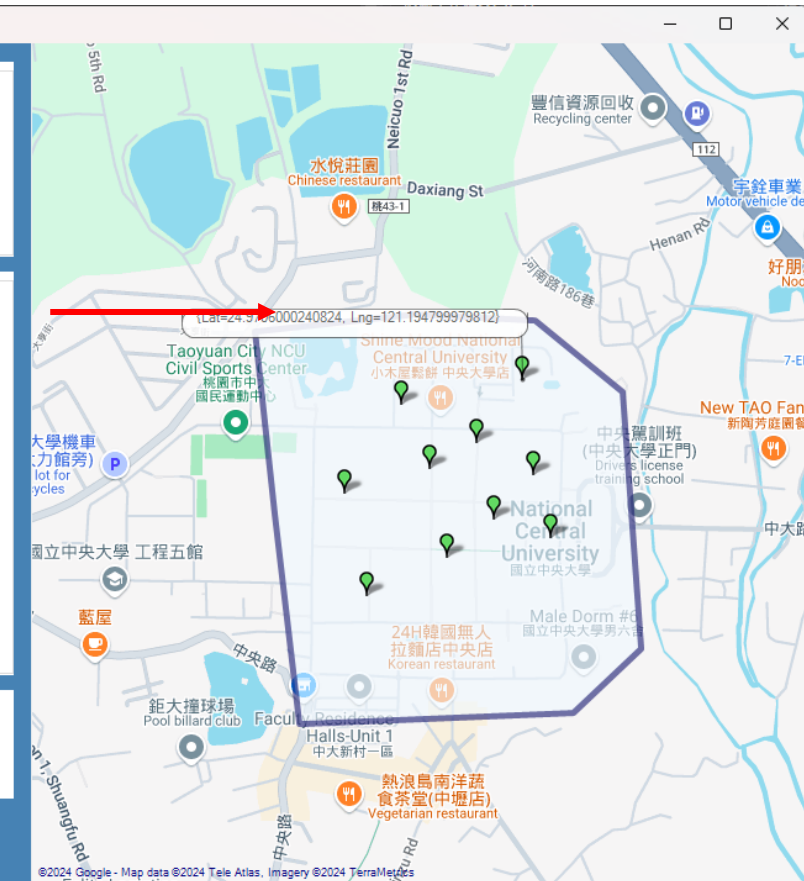
Import file

Edit Clear

Name	X	Y
中央大學正門	269355.10	2762335.47
圖書館	269617.68	2762291.54
行政大樓	269506.49	2762379.99
學生活動中心	269537.00	2762224.97
理學院	269455.85	2762490.68
工學院	269667.81	2762535.29

Select to show/hide the item

☒ Boundary ☒ Well



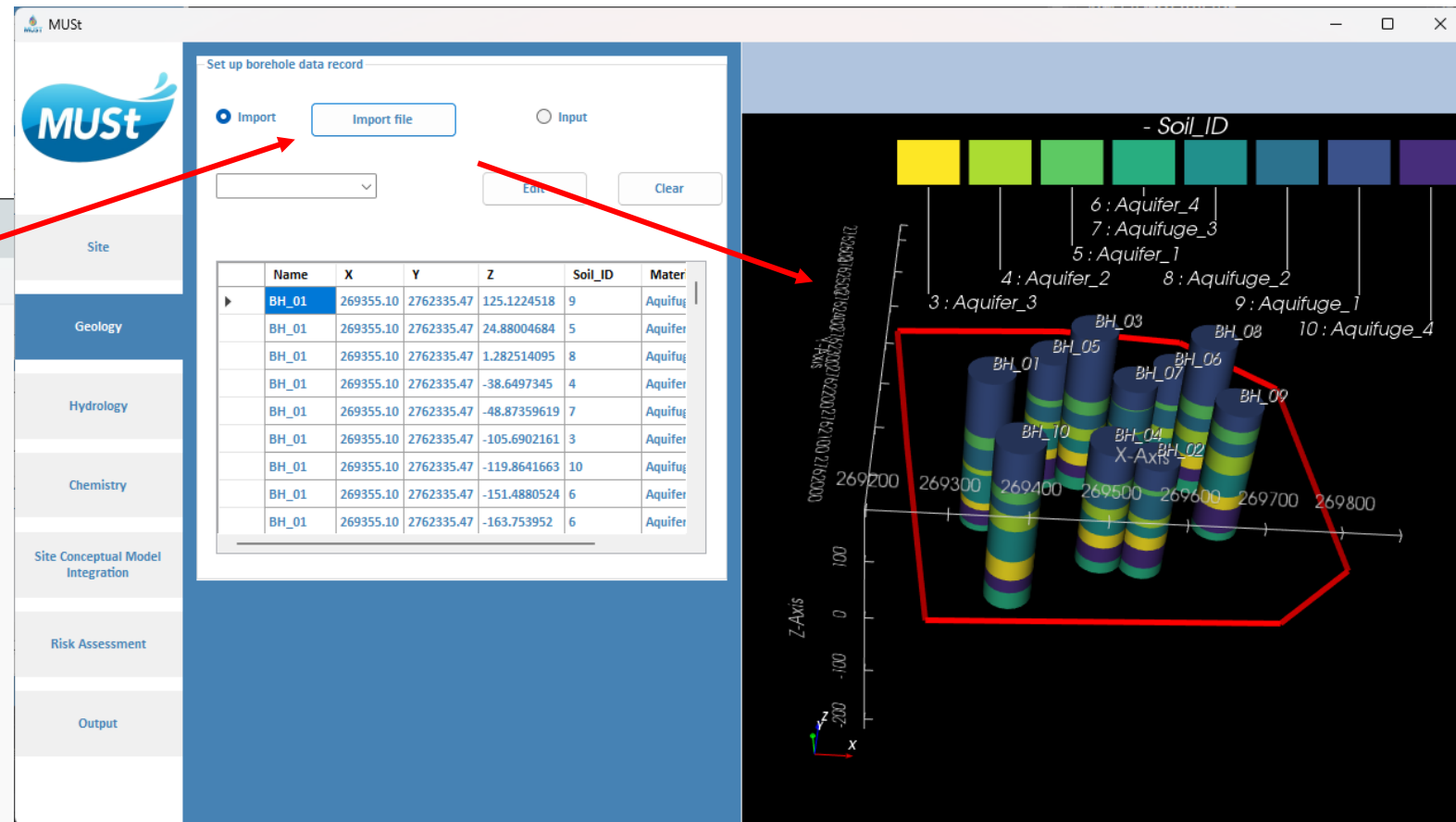
# User interface : Geology

borehole3826.txt

檔案 編輯 檢視

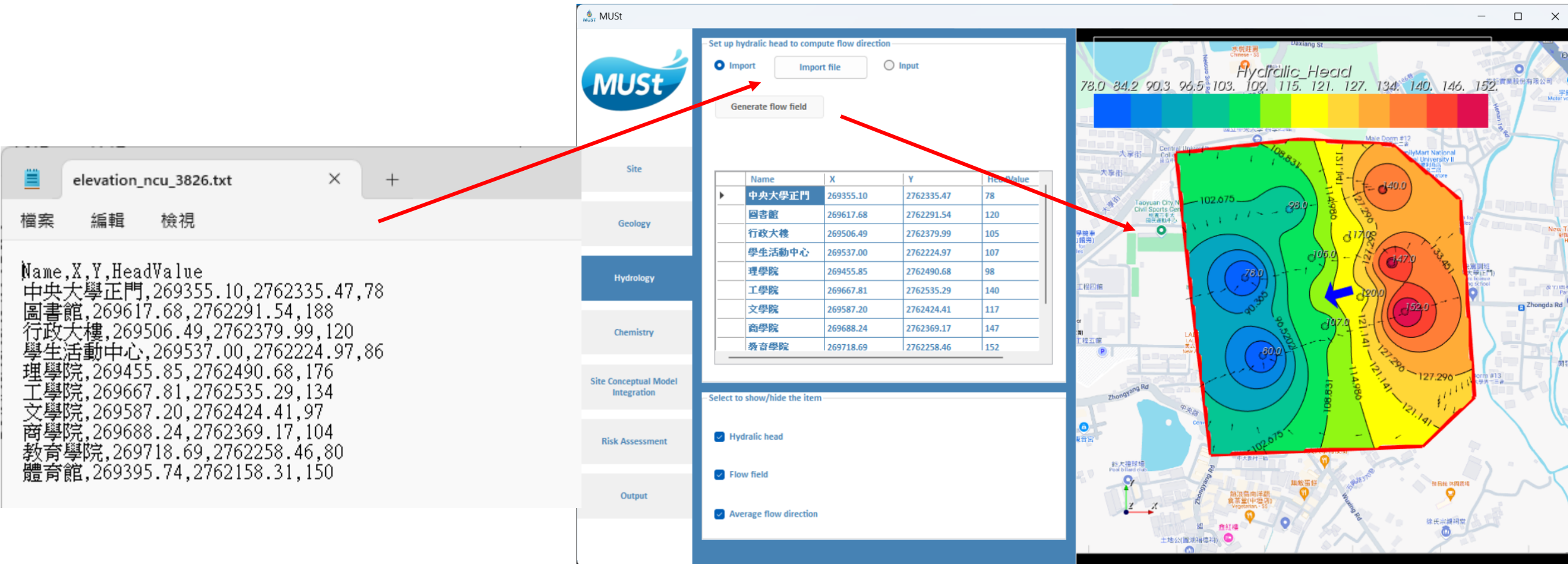
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BH_01	269355.10	2762335.47	125.1224518	9	Aquifuge_1
BH_01	269355.10	2762335.47	24.88004684	5	Aquifer_1
BH_01	269355.10	2762335.47	1.282514095	8	Aquifuge_2
BH_01	269355.10	2762335.47	-38.6497345	4	Aquifer_2
BH_01	269355.10	2762335.47	-48.87359619	7	Aquifuge_3
BH_01	269355.10	2762335.47	-105.6902161	3	Aquifer_3
BH_01	269355.10	2762335.47	-119.8641663	10	Aquifuge_4
BH_01	269355.10	2762335.47	-151.4880524	6	Aquifer_4
BH_01	269355.10	2762335.47	-163.753952	6	Aquifer_4
BH_02	269617.68	2762291.54	12.61678886	9	Aquifuge_1
BH_02	269617.68	2762291.54	-26.61739159	5	Aquifer_1
BH_02	269617.68	2762291.54	-36.5585289	8	Aquifuge_2
BH_02	269617.68	2762291.54	-85.4553299	4	Aquifer_2
BH_02	269617.68	2762291.54	-101.8764343	7	Aquifuge_3
BH_02	269617.68	2762291.54	-123.8853836	3	Aquifer_3
BH_02	269617.68	2762291.54	-150.0936279	10	Aquifuge_4
BH_02	269617.68	2762291.54	-189.2824707	6	Aquifer_4
BH_02	269617.68	2762291.54	-212.1426392	6	Aquifer_4
BH_03	269506.49	2762379.99	182.7165985	9	Aquifuge_1
BH_03	269506.49	2762379.99	70.55046082	5	Aquifer_1
BH_03	269506.49	2762379.99	45.55046463	8	Aquifuge_2
BH_03	269506.49	2762379.99	18.31370926	4	Aquifer_2
BH_03	269506.49	2762379.99	-4.4495368	7	Aquifuge_3
BH_03	269506.49	2762379.99	-29.44487572	3	Aquifer_3
BH_03	269506.49	2762379.99	-54.44953537	10	Aquifuge_4
BH_03	269506.49	2762379.99	-79.44461823	6	Aquifer_4
BH_03	269506.49	2762379.99	-104.4495392	6	Aquifer_4
BH_04	269537.00	2762224.97	89.02435303	9	Aquifuge_1
BH_04	269537.00	2762224.97	36.22627258	5	Aquifer_1
BH_04	269537.00	2762224.97	14.29684925	8	Aquifuge_2
BH_04	269537.00	2762224.97	-11.81618404	4	Aquifer_2
BH_04	269537.00	2762224.97	-34.20666885	7	Aquifuge_3

第 18 行, 第 52 欄 | 4,723 個字元



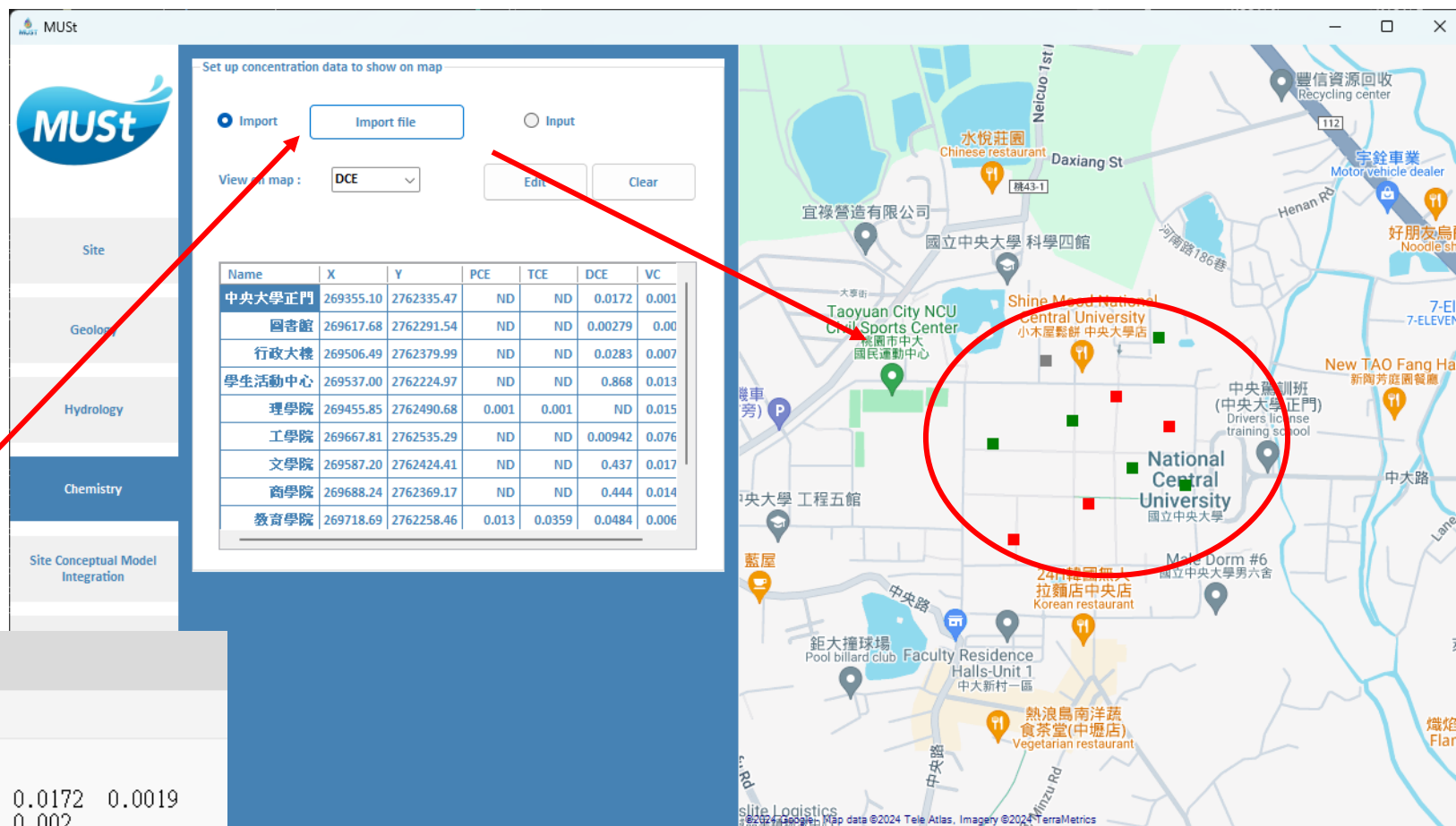
By importing text file,  
the borehole record can be shown as the cylinder inside the boundary.

# User interface : Hydrology



By importing text file,  
the hydraulic head record can be shown on the map picture,  
also to generate flow field and average flow direction.

# User interface : Chemistry



concentration3826.txt

檔案 編輯 檢視

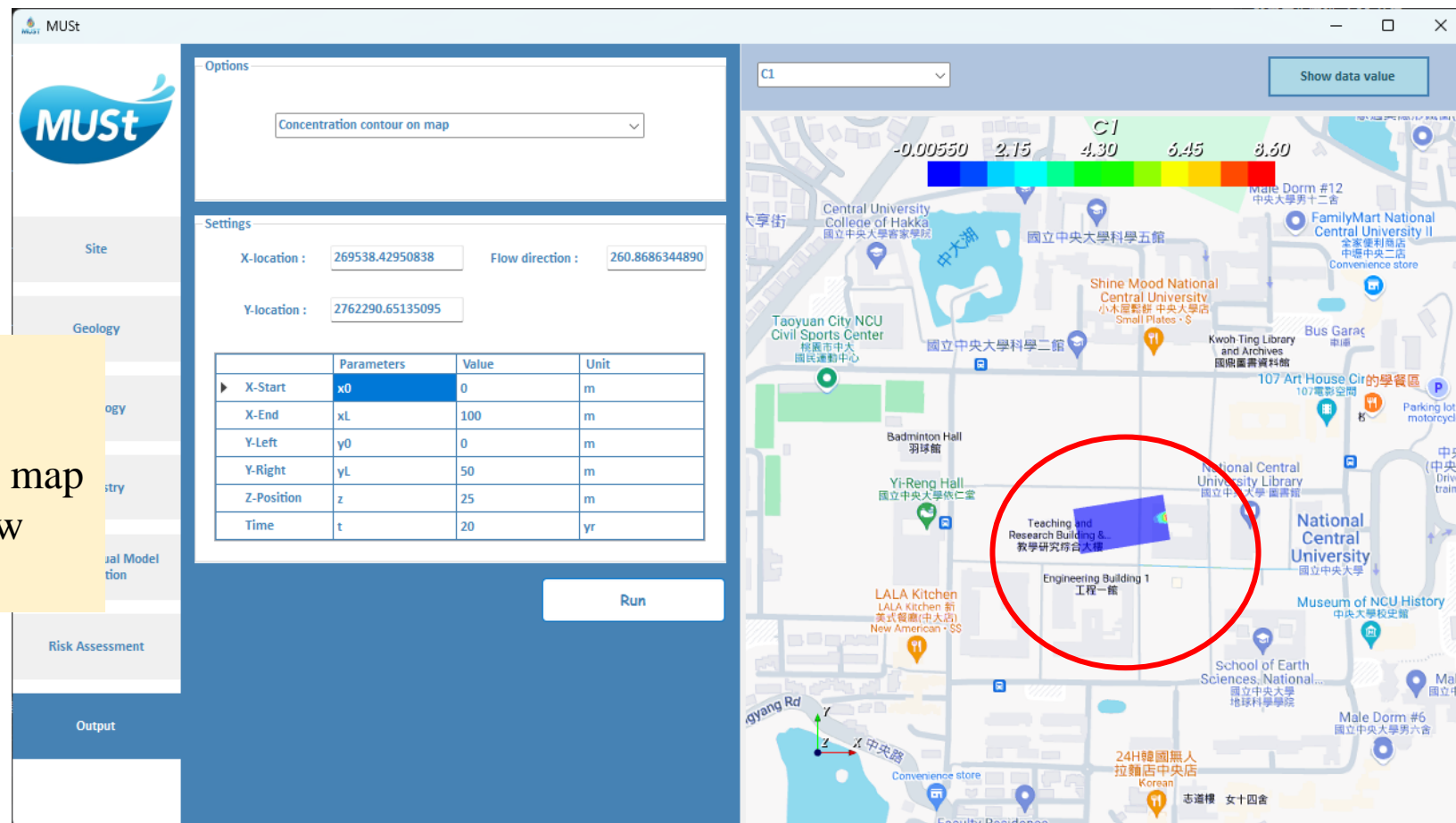
Name	X	Y	PCE	TCE	DCE	VC
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圖書館	269617.68	2762291.54	ND	ND	0.00279	0.002
行政大樓	269506.49	2762379.99	ND	ND	0.0283	0.0078
學生活動中心	269537.00	2762224.97	ND	ND	0.868	0.0136
理學院	269455.85	2762490.68	0.001	0.001	ND	0.0153
工學院	269667.81	2762535.29	ND	ND	0.00942	0.0764
文學院	269587.20	2762424.41	ND	ND	0.437	0.0173
商學院	269688.24	2762369.17	ND	ND	0.444	0.0146
教育學院	269718.69	2762258.46	0.013	0.0359	0.0484	0.0062
體育館	269395.74	2762158.31	ND	ND	2.18	0.0241

By importing text file, the contaminant concentration record can be shown on map with colors.

# User interface : Output

New result option:

Apply the concentration contour on the map with specified location and average flow direction.



## Conclusions and future work

- The software is still under development, but after completion, it will provide users with a more comprehensive evaluation process and have better risk management and communication.
- Future work :
  - Improve the risk calculation function with more exposure pathways considered.
  - Add probabilistic method into software for the more complex contaminated site evaluation.

# Reference

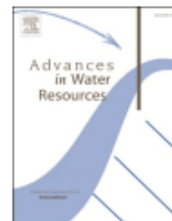
- United States Environmental Protection Agency : <https://www.epa.gov/>
- Exact analytical solutions with great computational efficiency to three-dimensional multispecies advection-dispersion equations coupled with a sequential first-order reaction network :  
<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0309170821001731>
- HYDROSCAPE: A new versatile software program for evaluating contaminant transport in groundwater :  
<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S235271101730050X>

Thank you for your attention!

Development of site management module for multi-species transport analytical model software for chlorinated solvents contaminated site

MUSSt 2 : A subsurface modeling software  
for natural attenuation and health risk assessment  
of groundwater chlorinated solvent contaminated sites,  
integrating multispecies transport analytical solutions, a user-friendly  
graphical interface, and geographic information system

Smart GIS site management tool for decontamination of  
recalcitrant solvents in groundwater



Exact analytical solutions with great computational efficiency to three-dimensional multispecies advection-dispersion equations coupled with a sequential first-order reaction network

Zhong-Yi Liao<sup>a</sup>, Heejun Suk<sup>b</sup>, Chen-Wuing Liu<sup>c</sup>, Ching-Ping Liang<sup>d</sup>, Jui-Sheng Chen<sup>a,\*</sup>

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<sup>d</sup> Department of Nursing, Fooyin University, Daliu Dist., Kaohsiung 83101, Taiwan



**MUST: A Software for Evaluating Transport of Chlorinated Solvent Contaminant and Its Byproducts**

**Team members**

- Jui-Sheng Chen**  
Advanced Analytical Solution Methods
- Ching-Ping Liang**  
Health Risk Assessment
- Zhong-Yi Liao**  
Transport Model Development
- Chen-Wuing Liu**  
Reactive Processes Formulation
- Heejun Suk**  
Field Applications
- Cheng-Wen Chen**  
GUI Development

更多影片

3:08 / 3:18

YouTube



Original software publication

## HYDROSCAPE: A new versatile software program for evaluating contaminant transport in groundwater

Sean P. Funk<sup>\*</sup>, Danny Hnatyshin, Daniel S. Alessi

Department of Earth & Atmospheric Sciences, University of Alberta, Edmonton, AB, Canada, T6G 2E3

- Exposure dose (average daily dose) is calculated as:

$$ADD = C \times \frac{IR \times EF \times ED}{BW \times AT}$$

- Non-carcinogenic and carcinogenic risk indexes are calculated as:

$$\text{Non-carcinogenic: } R = \frac{ADD}{RfD}$$

$$\text{Carcinogenic: } R = ADD \times SF$$

*C*: contaminant concentration (mg/L)

*IR*: water ingestion rate (L/day)

*EF*: exposure frequency (days/year)

*ED*: exposure duration (years)

*BW*: body weight (kg); *AT*: average time (days)

*RfD*: reference dose; *SF*: slope factor

contaminant	cancer
四氯乙烯PCE	Bladder cancer, liver cancer, kidneys cancer and blood system related cancers
三氯乙烯TCE	Kidney, liver, and lymphoma
氯乙烯VC	Liver cancer, brain cancer, lung cancer, blood cancer

